# MASTER OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION (RETAIL) (MBARS) 

Term-End Examination<br>June, 2011

## MRS-011 : QUANTITATIVE TECHNIQUE

Time : 3 hours
Maximum Marks : 100
Note: Attempt any five questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. (a) What are grouped and ungrouped $\mathbf{1 0}$ frequency distribution? What are their uses ? Also explain the method of constructing histogram.
(b) Write short notes on the following :
(i) Frequency polygon
(ii) Ogives
2. (a) What are the chief measure of central 10 tendency ? Discuss their merits.
(b) Calculate three quartiles, $7^{\text {th }}$ decile and 10 Eighty two percentile :-

| Salary (In thousand Rs) | $0-10$ | $10-20$ | $20-30$ | $30-40$ | $40-50$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| No. of servant | 22 | 38 | 46 | 35 | 20 |

3. (a) Ten competitors in a beauty contest got marks by three judges in the following orders.

| First Judge | $\mathbf{1}$ | 6 | 5 | 10 | 3 | 2 | 4 | 9 | 7 | 8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Second Judge | 3 | 5 | 8 | 4 | 7 | 10 | 2 | 1 | 6 | 9 |
| Third Judge | 6 | 4 | 9 | 8 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 10 | 5 | 7 |

Use the rank correlation coefficient to discuss which pair of judges have the nearest approach to common tests ' M ' beauty.
(b) Using the method of Least squares, fit a straight line to the following data :

| $x$ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y$ | 1 | 1.8 | 3.3 | 4.5 | 6.3 |

4. (a) Describe the components of a time series. 10 Illustrate them with a suitable example.
(b) Taking prices of I year as base, construct the10 index numbers for II and III years from the following data. Use the simple average of relative method.

| Year | Articles (Rate Per Rupees) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | A | B | C |
| I | 4 kg | 2 kg | 1 kg |
| II | 2.5 kg | 1.6 kg | 1 kg |
| III | 2 kg | 1.25 kg | 0.8 kg |

5. (a) From the following data calculate price index numbers for 2000 with 1990 as base by
(i) Laspeyre's method
(ii) Paasche's method
(iii) Fisher method

| Commodity | 1990 |  | 2000 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Price | Quantity | Price | Quantity |
| A | 20 | 8 | 40 | 6 |
| B | 50 | 10 | 60 | 5 |
| C | 40 | 15 | 50 | 15 |
| D | 20 | 20 | 20 | 25 |

(b) Define the following functions:
(i) Constant function.
(ii) Modulus function.
(iii) Reciprocal function.
(iv) Signum function.
6. (a) The probability that A hits a target is $1 / 3$ and the probability that $B$ hits it is $2 / 5$. What is the probability that the target will be hit, if each one of $A$ and $B$ shoots at the target?
(b) Mention the parameters of the binomial, poisson and normal distribution.
7. (a) Write the parameter of the following distributions.
(i) $t$ distribution
(ii) $\quad \chi^{2}$ distribution
(b) Distinguish between :
(i) Sample and population.
(ii) Point estimate and interval estimate.
8. (a) What is major purpose of hypothesis
testing ? Explain the various steps involved in hypothesis testing.
(b) Whether Poisson distribution can be $\mathbf{1 0}$ assumed from the data given below :

| No. of defects | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Frequency | 6 | 13 | 13 | 8 | 4 | 3 |

