

01064

ADCA / MCA (II Yr.)

Term-End Examination

June, 2010

CS-07 : DISCRETE MATHEMATICS

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 75

---

*Note : Question 1 is compulsory. Attempt any three from the rest.*

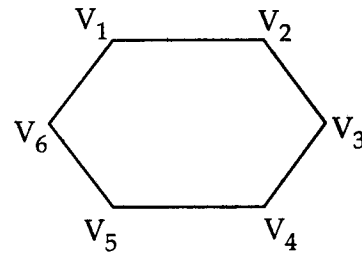
---

1. (a) Construct the truth table for : 3  
 $(P \vee \theta) \vee \neg P$
- (b) Express  $P \downarrow \theta$  using  $\uparrow$  only, where 4  
 $P \downarrow \theta \equiv \neg(P \vee \theta)$  and  $P \uparrow \theta \equiv \neg(P \wedge \theta)$ .
- (c) Let there be a graph G with adjacency 5  
matrix as follows :

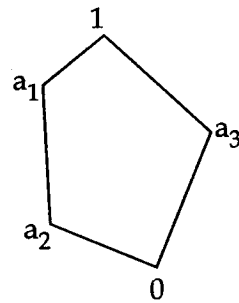
$$A(G) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

check if G is connected.

- (d) What is a bipartite graph ? Check if following graph is bipartite. 3



- (e) If  $x = (1\ 2\ 3)$ ,  $y = (2\ 4\ 3)$ ,  $z = (1\ 3\ 4)$  are cyclic permutation on  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ . Then show that  $xyz = 1$ , the identity map. 4
- (f) Show that the basic five element pentagonal lattice : 4

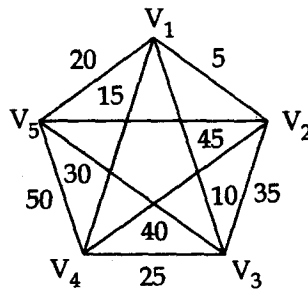


is not distributive.

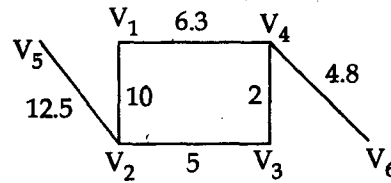
- (g) Express number - 7 in 1s and 2s complement form. 3
- (h) Draw truth table for half adder and draw circuit diagram for half adder using AND, OR and NOT gate. 4

2. (a) Find Disjunctive Normal Form (DNF) for  $p \rightarrow ((p \rightarrow q) \wedge \neg(\neg q \vee \neg p))$ . 4
- (b) Write the inverse, converse and contrapositive of  $p \rightarrow (q \rightarrow r)$ . 4
- (c) Define well formed formula (wff). Also give an example of wff. 3
- (d) Show that  $\neg r$  is a valid conclusion from the premises
- $p \rightarrow \neg q$
- $r \rightarrow p$
- $q$  (where  $\neg$  stands NOT) without using truth table. 4

3. (a) Solve for optimal tour the following graph using two optimal method. 8

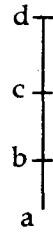


- (b) Find minimum spanning tree using Prim's algorithm for following graph : 5

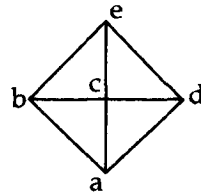


- (c) Define K-regular graph. Explain the concept with example. 2
4. (a) In a class of 25 students, 12 have taken mathematics, 8 have taken mathematics but not Biology. Find the number of students who have taken Mathematics and Biology and those who have taken Biology but not Mathematics. 6
- (b) Given  $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ . Consider relation in  $A : R = \{(1, 1), (2, 2), (2, 3), (3, 2), (4, 2), (4, 4)\}$  2
- (i) Draw its directed graph. 4
- (ii) Is  $R$  reflexive, symmetric, transitive, antisymmetric ?
- (c) Define following : 3
- (i) Normal Fuzzy Set.
- (ii) Support of a Fuzzy Set.

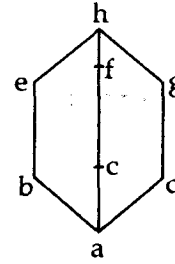
5. (a) Which of the following Hasse diagrams are lattices and which are not? If not, why? 3



I



II



III

- (b) If  $(L, \cap, \cup)$  is a bounded distributive lattice. 3  
 then an element cannot have more than one complement. Prove it.
- (c) Simplify the boolean function using k-map : 4  
 $F(a, b, c, d) = \Sigma(0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11)$ .
- (d) Draw the logic network for the expression 3  
 $x^1y^1z + x^1yz + xy^1$ .
- (e) Let  $A = \{1, 3, 9, 27, 81\}$ . Draw Hasse diagram 2  
 of the poset  $(A, /)$ .