Time: 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 100

## **DIPLOMA IN BUSINESS PROCESS OUTSOURCING F & A PROGRAMME**

## **Term-End Examination** December, 2011

**BPOI-004: ORDER TO CASH ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE** 

Note		Section - I: All questions are compulsory.  Section - II: Any 6 questions out of 8.  Section - III: Question No. 11 is compulsory. Any  3 questions from questions 12 to 16.
		SECTION - I
	All	questions are compulsory in this section :
1.	Fil	in the blanks :
	(a)	The team converts the purchase order from the customer to a and forwards it to its production department or warehouse. (1/2+1/2)=
	(b)	Most of the CFO's of fortune 500 companies have the metrics of as a part of their Scorecard and monitor it as closely.
	(c)	letters are sent by sellers to

1

remind the customer to make their payment.

	(d)	and documents to apply cash against specific invoices. 1/2+1/2	/ <sub>2</sub> =1
•	(e)	is the most important quality measure for the customer setup process.	1
2.	True	e or False :	
	(a)	For credit review team the most important performance metrics are accuracy and then around time.	1
	(b)	Work flow can be used to trade and manage a large number of transactions.	1
	(c)	Suspense account balance is an indicator of cash application performance.	1
	(d)	Credit entry in accounting indicates use of funds.	1
	(e)	Penetration rate is the number of right parties contacted of the total calls made.	1

## **SECTION - II**

Attempt any six questions out of eight:

- 3. Explain the key metrics used to measure the performance of the query resolution team.
- 4. State and explain the responsibilities of different players in the order to cash process?
- 5. Explain the use of following source documents in the order to cash cycle:  $2\frac{1}{2}+2\frac{1}{2}$ 
  - (a) Credit note
  - (b) Remittance advice
- 6. Why should we record the case history of all the collections related communication made with the customer.
- 7. What are the key metrics used to measure 5 performance of cash application team.
- 8. Write the journal entries for the following order to cash transaction:  $2\frac{1}{2}+2\frac{1}{2}$ 
  - (a) Created a provision for bad debts (\$ 1000)
  - (b) Wallace partner returned the goods (\$ 500)
- 9. Explain the use of the following tools in the context of order to cash cycle:  $2^{1/2}+2^{1/2}$ 
  - (a) Automatic call distributor
  - (b) Document management system
- **10.** Describe the consequences of poor quality contract in the order to cash process?

## **SECTION - III**

	Question 11 is <i>compulsory</i> and <i>any three</i> questions from 12 to 16.	
11.	Explain the risk involved in the order to cash process. How are the risks Mitigated ?	15
12.	Explain how quality controls are implemented in various stages of the order to cash cycle?	15
13.	Explain the 'collection pyramid'.	15
14.	When the order management team receives a customers' order, what does it do? List all the activities up involving the customer.	15
15.	What are the controls required in the customer account set up?	15
16.	What is the importance of credit review process in the order to cash cycle? Also explain why it should be segregated from sales function?	15