DIPLOMA-VIEP-ELECTRICAL ENGG-V SEM

Term-End Examination

December, 2011

BIEE-035: CONTROL SYSTEMS

Time: 2 hours

Maximum Marks: 70

Note: There are total eight questions. All questions carry equal marks. Question No. 1 is compulsory. Four questions are to be attempted out of question No 02 to 08.

1. Write 'TRUE' / 'FALSE' and justify.

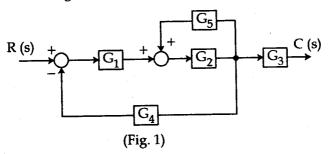
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- (a) With a proportional only controller if measurement equals set point, the output will be 100%.
- (b) The lowest power of 's' in the characteristic equation is called the order of the system.
- (c) A Transfer Function relates behaviour of the input to the behaviour of the output.
- (d) Throttling controller cannot be used as a 2 position controller.
- (e) The gain divided by proportional Band equals one.
- (f) Anticipatory Control Mode can be used alone.
- (g) Laplace Transform of $\frac{df}{dt}$ is sF(s).

- 2. Comment on the following:
 - (a) The existence of Neutral Zone is an example 7of desirable hysteresis in a system.
 - (b) The Integral Mode is Phase Lagging. 7
- (a) Define an 'Electronic Controller'. Explain working of Direct-Acting and Reverse-Acting controller with one one example. 1+3+3
 - (b) Write the principle and construction of an **3+4** elementary stepping motor.
- 4. (a) Write two examples of Open Loop control system and identify (by writing) the controller, the output actuator and the process for each.

 31/2+31/2
 - (b) Write the steps for drawing the Bode Plots. 7
- 5. (a) Define 'stability' what are the effects of 1+6 adding pole and zero's in the root-locus.
 - (b) Check the stability of the system whose 7 characteristic equation is given by $S^4 + 2 S^2 + 6 S^2 + 4 S + 1 = 0$
- 6. (a) Write the principle of operation of a position control servosystem with the help of block diagram.
 - (b) Define Robotics and write five applications 2+5 of Robotics.

- 7. (a) What are static error coefficients?
- 7
- (b) Find the transfer function for the given block diagram shown in Fig. 1.



8. Write short notes on (any four):

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- (a) Gain Margin
- (b) Offset
- (c) Circuit diagram of ON OFF controller using op-amp.
- (d) Standard Test Inputs
- (e) Mason's Gain Formula
- (f) Potentiometer as Error Detector.