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## BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY IN MECHANICAL ENGINEERING (COMPUTER INTEGRATED MANUFACTURING)

B.Tech. (Aerospace Engineering) (BTMEVI)

Term-End Examination December, 2011 **BME-018: ENGINEERING MATERIALS** Time: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 70 Answer any five of the following questions. Use of Note: calculator is allowed. 1. Describe two uses of each of low, medium (a) 6 and high carbon steels. (b) Which alloys are used as major bearing 8 materials? Which properties make them suitable for this application? 2. (a) Silica and fireclay bricks have thermal 8 conductivity that increases temperature but magnesite and fused alumina have decreasing thermal conductivity. Explain. Which alloys have ultra fine particles of (b) 6 ceramic material dispersed in it and what are its effect?

**BME-018** 

- What is polymerisation? Define degree of 3. (a) 7 freedom of polymerisation. Differentiate between isostrain and isostress 7 (b) loading of a composite. State the conditions of stress and strain in the above two cases. A copper specimen of 64 mm gauge length and 14 4. 12.80 mm diameter was tested in tension. Following two diameters were recorded in the plastic range of deformation. Load = 25.75 kN,  $d_1 = 12.176$  mm Load = 24.25 kN,  $d_2 = 8.581 \text{ mm}$ Calculate strength coefficient and strain hardening exponent. What is stress intensity factor of a crack and 7 5. (a) what are the parameters on which it depends? Describe under what condition a machine (b) 7 part may have infinite life even if fatigue stressed? 6. (a) Define wear. What are the factors 6 influencing wear? What are the functions of cutting fluids? 8 (b) Why oil-water emulsions are used as cutting fluids?
- 7. (a) What is strain hardening? Is it used in practice? 4x3.5=14
  - (b) Distinguish between metal and alloy.
  - (c) Define ceramic and refractoriness.
  - (d) What are different types of adhesive joints?