## **B.Tech. ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING**

## Term-End Examination December, 2011

**BIEE-011: ELECTRICAL MACHINES - II** 

Time: 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 70

**Note:** Attempt any seven questions. All questions carry equal marks. All questions are to be answered in English language only. Use of calculator is permitted.

- Give the constructional detail of rotor of a salient pole. Also draw and explain the equivalent circuit diagram and phasor diagram of a synchronous machine.
- 2. Define the term synchronous impedance and voltage regulation of alternator. Explain the MMF method for determining the voltage regulation of an alternator.
- 3. A 3300 V, delta connected motor has a synchronous reactance per phase (delta) of  $18\Omega$ . It operates at a leading power factor of 0.707 when drawing 800 kW from the mains. Calculate its excitation emf.

armature current and power factor in a synchronous motor. Draw V-curves and state their significance. Describe with neat sketch the construction and 10 5. working principle of 3-phase Induction Motor. Draw and explain the complete torque-6. (a) 5 speed characteristic of 3-phase induction motor. A 8-pole, 3-phase induction motor is (b) 5 supplied from 50 Hz, a.c. supply on full load, the frequency of induced emf in rotor is 2 Hz. Find full load slip and corresponding speed. What is the need of starter in 3-phase induction 10 7. Motor. Give the name of different methods for the starting of 3-phase induction motor. Explain any two methods in detail. Explain, why single-phase Induction Motor is not 8. 10 self starting, using double revolving field theory. A 250 watt, 230 V, 50 Hz,  $1-\phi$  capacitor start 9. 10 induction motor has the following constants for the main and auxiliary windings. Main winding  $Zm = (4.5 + j3.7)\Omega$ auxiliary  $Za = (9.5 + j3.5)\Omega$ . Determine the value of the capacitor that will place the main and auxiliary winding currents in quadarature at starting. Write the short notes on any two of the following: 10.

Explain the effect of varying excitation on

10

2x5 = 10

4.

Slip test

(a) (b)

(c)

Universal Motor

Brush less DC Motor

2