

BACHELOR OF ARCHITECTURE (BARCH)

Term-End Examination

December, 2011

BAR-056 : TOPOGRAPHIC SYSTEMS

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : Attempt any five questions.

All questions carry equal marks.

1. (a) What is surveying ? State the basic principles of surveying. 7
- (b) State various instruments used for chain and compass surveying. 7
2. (a) Define the following terms : 7
 - (i) Main station
 - (ii) Tie station
 - (iii) Check line
 - (iv) Base line
 - (v) Offsets
 - (vi) Tie lines
 - (vii) Main Survey Lines

Give sketches for each item.

- (b) A survey line CDE crosses a river. D being on the near bank and E on the opposite. A perpendicular $DF = 150$ m is ranged at D on the left side. From F bearings of E and C are observed to be $67^\circ-30'$ and $157^\circ-30'$ respectively. Chainage of C is 1520 m and that of D is 1620 m, find the chainage of E. 7

3. (a) Sketch the prismatic compass showing its various parts. Explain the significance of each part. 7

- (b) The following are the observed bearings of the lines of a closed traverse ABCD taken with a compass in a place where local attraction was suspected :- 7

| Line | F. B. | B.B. |
|------|-----------------|-----------------|
| AB | $66^\circ-20'$ | $246^\circ-20'$ |
| BC | $139^\circ-30'$ | $318^\circ-50'$ |
| CD | $189^\circ-40'$ | $11^\circ-20'$ |
| DA | $300^\circ-30'$ | $119^\circ-30'$ |

Find the corrected bearings of the lines.

4. (a) Explain the following in Plane Table Surveying : $2 \times 3\frac{1}{2} = 7$
- (i) Method of Radiations
 - (ii) Method traversing
- (b) How is chain survey plotted and checked ? 7

5. (a) Describe the method of Repetition for the measurement of horizontal angle by Theodolite. 7
- (b) Describe the temporary adjustment of a Dumpy Level. 7
6. (a) Define *any four* of the following terms : 4
- (i) Bench mark
 - (ii) A Level Line
 - (iii) A Horizontal Line
 - (iv) Line of Collimation
 - (v) Back Sight Reading
 - (vi) Fore Sight Reading
 - (vii) Reduced Level
 - (viii) Mean sea level
- (b) The following consecutive readings were taken with a Dumpy Level and 3 m Levelling staff on a continuously sloping ground 10
- 0.605, 1.235, 1.860, 2.575, 0.235, 0.910, 1.435, 2.675, 0.565, 1.820, 2.725.
- Determine the R.L. of all points, if R.L. of first point is 100.00 m.
7. (a) Define a contour. What are the characteristics of contour ? 7
- (b) Discuss the uses of a contour plan. 7

8. Write short notes on *any four* of the following :

$3\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 14$

- (a) Reciprocal Levelling
 - (b) Method of resection in plane tabling
 - (c) Corrections in Linear measurement
 - (d) Compare Prismatic Compass with the Surveyor's Compass.
 - (e) Change point in levelling.
 - (f) Fundamentals of G.I.S.
 - (g) Uses of contour maps.
 - (h) Obstacles in chain survey
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