00149

BACHELOR OF ARCHITECTURE

Term-End Examination

December, 2011

BAR-044: THEORY OF STRUCTURES-V

Time: 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 70

Note: Attempt any four questions. All questions carry equal marks. Use of Scientific Calculator and IS: 456 code is permitted.

- 1. Determine the moment of resistance of a 17½ reinforced concrete beam having a rectangular cross-section 300mm wide and 500mm deep, reinforced with 5φ20 as tensile reinforcement. The characteristic strength of concrete is 15 MPa and that for steel is 250 MPa.
- 2. A simply supported rectangular reinforced 17½ concrete beam of 6m effective span has a cross section of 300×630mm and loaded with 80kN/m UDL excluding its self weight. Determine reinforcement of the beam taking M 15 concrete and Fe 415 steel.
- 3. Determine the shear reinforcement for a beam $17\frac{1}{2}$ having cross-section $b \times D = 250 \times 500$ and reinforced with $4\phi20$. The factored shear force is 130kN. Use M15 concrete and Fe 250 steel. Provide vertical stirrups only as shear reinforcement.

- 4. Design the reinforcement in a column of size 17½ 450mm×600mm, subjected to an axial load of 2000kN under service dead and live loads. The column has an unsupported length of 3m and is braced against sideways in both directions. Use M 20 concrete and Fe 415 steel.
- 5. Design a square footing for a superimposed load 17½ of 800kN. The safe bearing capacity for soil is 200kN/m². Use M20 concrete and Fe 250 steel. Size of column is 500 × 500. Take nominal cover as 50mm.
- 6. (a) Define one-way and two-way slabs. Explain clearly the difference in the behaviour of one-way and two-way slabs.
 - (b) Sketch the plan and section showing 6 detailing of reinforcement of a two-way simply supported slab.

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- (c) Define development length. What is its 5½ significance?
- 7. (a) What is diagonal tension? Discuss its 7½ effects and methods of resisting it.
 - (b) Discuss the principles of making structures 10 earthquake resistant.