## **EXECUTIVE MBA (EXMBA)**

## Term-End Examination December, 2011

MCT-052: MANAGERIAL ACCOUNTING

Time: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 100

**Note:** Attempt any FIVE questions. All questions carry equal marks.

- 1. How does 'financial accounting' differ from 'managerial accounting'? How would you use your knowledge of managerial accounting for decision making in a business organisation? Give specific instances to clarify your viewpoint.
- 2. Briefly state the various 'generally accepted accounting principles.' Also explain the basic features of the IFRS.
- 3. State the meaning of 'financial statement 20 analysis'. Which ratios would you calculate to find out the short term and long term solvency of a firm? Explain with the help of an appropriate example.
- 4. What are the uses of 'budgets' and 'budgetary control'? How is the budget of an organisation prepared? How does Zero Base Budgeting contribute to this process of budget making?

- 5. Explain the meaning of the term 'activity based costing'. How does it differ from traditional costing? What are its advantages?
- 6. (a) "The effect of a price reduction is to reduce the p/v ratio, increase the break-even point and shorten the margin of safety." Explain this statement with the help of an example.
  - (b) If selling price is Rs. 10/- per unit, variable cost is Rs. 6/- per unit, fixed costs are 20,000/- rupees per annum and units sold per year are 6,000, find out the following:
    - (i) Contribution
    - (ii) p/v ratio
    - (iii) Break even point
    - (iv) Margin of safety.
- 7. Explain the difference between a 'standard' and 'budget'. How is a 'standard cost card' prepared?

  How are direct material cost variances computed and analysed?
- 8. Write short notes on *any two* of the following:
  - (a) Funds Flow Statement

10x2=20

20

- (b) Managerial uses of marginal costing
- (c) Common size Financial Statements
- (d) Profitability Ratios