Maximum Marks: 70

## CERTIFICATE IN PERFORMING AND VISUAL ARTS

# Term-End Examination December, 2010

OVA-001: INDIAN CULTURAL HERITAGE

Time: 2½ hours

#### Note:

- 1. All questions are compulsory.
- **2.** There are **THREE** Sections. A, B, C.
- 3. Section A carries 40 marks.
- 4. Section B carries 20 marks.
- 5. Section C carries 10 marks.

#### **SECTION - A**

1. Mark 'T' for True and 'F' for False.

15x2=30

(a) Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru describes culture as "the outcome and basis of training, establishments and development of physical and mental potentials."

- (b) Sri Rajagopal-Acharya defined culture as collective expression of the thoughts, speeches and deeds of the learned, talented or creative members of a society or a nation.
- (c) Taking bath everyday and worship only after taking bath is not a part of Indian functional tradition.
- (d) Temples were never a part of socio-cultural life of Indian society.
- (e) There are two classical tradition of music in India - East Indian classical Music and South Indian Classical Music.
- (f) Indian Cultural tradition talks about "Vasudhaiva Kutumbakam" meaning the entire universe is one family.
- (g) Religious tolerance is the basic principle of Indian Culture.
- (h) The women saints like Akka Mahadevi, Meera Bai, Andal and Lal Dev. have richly contributed to Indian Music
- (i) The epic 'Ramayana' had such an impact that countries like Sri Lanka, Indonesia, Thailand and Nepal have also imbibed it in their culture.
- (j) Indian Culture upholds violence of all kinds as part of their life.
- (k) Tinned food is still not preferred in Indian traditional preparations.

(1)	Every region of India follows an uniform tradition of weaving style and design for clothing.						
(m)	Assam is famous for Moonga silk and Tamil Nadu is famous for Kanjivaram silk.						
(n)	Music, Dance and Drama are part of most of the ceremonies in India.						
(o)	Dharmachakra in our national flag is symbol of respective adherence to Dharma.						
Mato	th the following :			1x5=5			
(a)	Epic	(i)	Buddhism				
<i>a</i> .	D 141 1	···\	V1				

	(a)	Epic	(1)	buddiusiii			
	(b)	Paithani	(ii)	Kashmeer.			
	(c)	Religion	(iii)	Punjab.			
	(d)	Lal Deo.	(iv)	Maharashtra.			
	(e)	Salwar-Kameez	(v)	Mahabharata.			
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3.	Fill in the blanks with correct options given						
	1x5=5						
	(Ran	(Ramayana, Meera Bai, Kashmeeri, Buddha,					
	Mahaveer, Nataraj)						
	(a) has been imbibed by Thailand,						
		Sri Lanka and	many	other South Asian			
		countries in thei	r cult	ure.			
	(b)	wa	as a	woman saint from			
		Rajasthan					

2.

(c)	and sculptures				
	communicate the feelings and the state of				
	peace and tranquility.				
(d)	The sculpture of tells us that				
	Gods enjoyed dancing.				
(e)	shawls and carpets have great				
	demands in other countries since many				
	centuries.				

#### **SECTION - B**

Attempt any four questions. Answer within 100 words: 5x4=20

- 1. How does Indian food and dresses depict Indian Culture ?
- **2.** Give instances to show how functional traditions became a part of Indian Culture ?
- 3. Explain how indigenious scientific knowledge is reflected in Indian Culture?
- 4. Religious tolerance is the foundation of Indian Culture explain with example.
- **5.** Explain the nature of plurality of Indian Culture.

#### **SECTION - C**

### (Long Answer Questions)

Answer within 250 words:

Write an essay on Diversity of Indian Cultural 10
Heritage.

#### OR

2. Explain how different religious traditions has 10 enriched Indian Culture?