

**B.Tech. Civil (Construction Management) /
B.Tech. Civil (Water Resources Engineering)**

01130

Term-End Examination**December, 2010****ET-105(B) : CHEMISTRY***Time : 3 hours**Maximum Marks : 70*

Note : *Attempt all questions. Use of calculator is allowed.*

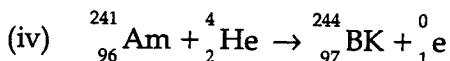
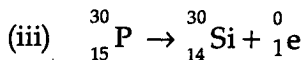
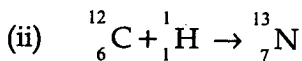
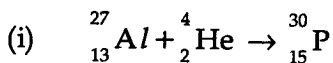
1. Attempt any two of the followings : 2x5=10**(a) Which of the following sets of quantum numbers is/are allowed ?**

- (i) $n=1, l=0$ and $m=0$
- (ii) $n=2, l=1$ and $m=+1$
- (iii) $n=1, l=0$ and $m=+1$
- (iv) $n=2, l=2$ and $m=0$

(b) Which of the following electronic energy in He^+ species is/are allowed ?

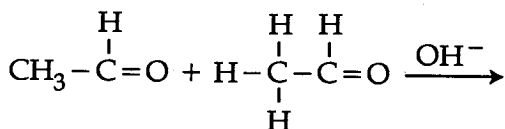
- (i) -13.6eV
- (ii) -27.2eV
- (iii) -54.4eV
- (iv) -6.04eV

(c) Nuclear reaction (s) accompanied by emission of neutron(s) is/are :



2. Attempt any three of the followings : 3×5=15

(a) Complete and name the following reaction :



(b) The reaction $\text{A} \rightarrow \text{products}$, follows first order kinetics. In 45 min, the concentration of A changes from 0.1M to 0.0125M. The rate of reaction when $[\text{A}] = 0.001 \text{ M}$ is :

(i) $2.31 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol L}^{-1} \text{ min}^{-1}$

(ii) $4.62 \times 10^{-5} \text{ mol L}^{-1} \text{ min}^{-1}$

(iii) $2.31 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol L}^{-1} \text{ min}^{-1}$

(iv) $4.62 \times 10^{-4} \text{ mol L}^{-1} \text{ min}^{-1}$

(c) Total number of lone pair of electrons in XeF_4 is :

(i) 0 (ii) 1

(iii) 2 (iv) 3

- (d) The root mean square speed of gaseous molecules (molar mass : M) in terms of their molar kinetic energy (E) is :

(i)
$$U_{\text{rms}} = \sqrt{\frac{3E}{2M}}$$

(ii)
$$U_{\text{rms}} = \sqrt{\frac{2E}{3M}}$$

(iii)
$$U_{\text{rms}} = \sqrt{\frac{2E}{M}}$$

(iv)
$$U_{\text{rms}} = \sqrt{\frac{E}{3M}}$$

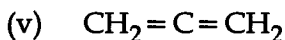
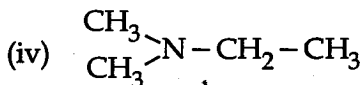
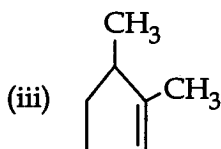
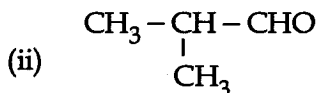
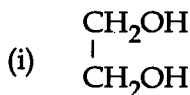
3. Attempt any three of the followings : 3x5=15

- (a) How many monoatomic atoms is/are present in a simple cubic (SC), body centred cubic (BCC) and face centred cubic (FCC) unit cells? What is the coordination number of each atom in SC, BCC and FCC in a unit cell?
- (b) What is the relation between atomic radius, 'r' and lattice parameter, 'a' in SC, BCC and FCC unit cell?
- (c) Define normality, molarity and molality. If normality of H_2SO_4 is 0.1N then what will be its molarity?
- (d) Iron is having BCC structure with atomic radius 124.7 pm. Calculate the edge length of the unit cell of BCC iron.

4. Attempt *any three* of the followings : 3x5=15

(a) What is miscells or associated colloids ?
Explain cleaning action of soap.

(b) Give IUPAC names of the following :



(c) Is O_2^- paramagnetic or diamagnetic ?
Justify your answer. What is the bond order
for O_2^- ?

(d) (i) Two moles of an ideal gas undergoes
isothermal reversible expansion from
2L to 8L at 300 K. What will be the
enthalpy change of the gas ?

(ii) Which orbit of the Be^{3+} has the same
radius as that of the first Bohr's orbit
of hydrogen atom ?

5. Attempt *any three* of the following : 3x5=15

Note : Each entry in column X in questions Part - A, B, C and D is some way related to the entries in column Y and Z. Match the appropriate entries. As an example : In question A, 'Orbital' in column X is related to 'Schrödinger equation' in column Y and it is also related to 'probability distribution' in column Z. So the answer will be

A : (f) – (b) – (a)

	X	Y	Z
(A)	(a) Principal quantum no.	electrons	Probability distribution
	(b) Azimuthal quantum no.	Schrödinger	value : $\frac{1}{2}$
	(c) Magnetic quantum no.	symbol : l	value : $-l$ to $+l$
	(d) Spin quantum no.	symbol : n	deflected towards anode
	(e) Cathod rays	symbol : m	values : 1,2,3....
	(f) Orbital	symbol : s	values: 0, 1, 2 ... (n-1)

	X	Y	Z
(B)	(a) sp hybridization	square planar	SO_2
	(b) sp^2 hybridization	tetrahedral	BeH_2
	(c) sp^3 hybridization	octahedron	$Cu(NH_3)_4^{2+}$
	(d) dsp^2 hybridization	triangular bipyramidal	ClO_3^-
	(e) d^2sp^3 hybridization	linear	PCl_5
	(f) dsp^3 hybridization	triangular planar	SF_6

(C)	X	Y	Z
(a)	sp orbitals	33.3% S character	154 pm
(b)	sp ² orbitals	one σ and one π bond	134 pm
(c)	sp ³ orbitals	one σ and two π bonds	bond angle 120°
(d)	c-c bond	25% S character	121 pm
(e)	c=c bond	one σ bond	bond angle 180°
(f)	c \equiv c bond	50% S character	bond angle 109°28'

(D)	X	Y	Z
(a)	CH ₃ CO group	aldehyde with no α -hydrogen	aldehydes
(b)	Tollens reagent	carbonyl compound with α -hydrogen	mesitylene
(c)	Fehling's solution	aldehydes	aldol
(d)	Cannizzaro's reaction	conc. H ₂ SO ₄	CHCl ₃
(e)	Aldol condensation	Cl ₂ in NaOH	mixture of alcohol and acid
(f)	Acetone	red - brown precipitate	silver mirror