No. of Printed Pages: 8

LSE-01

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (B.Sc.)

Term-End Examination

June, 2015

N4858

LIFE SCIENCE

LSE-01: CELL BIOLOGY

Time: 2 hours

Maximum Marks: 50

Note: Question no. 1 is compulsory. Attempt any four questions from questions no. 2 to 6. Answer five questions in all.

1. (a) If you were to

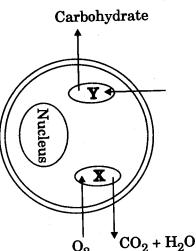
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- (i) calculate the resolution power of a microscope, which formula would you use?
- (ii) identify the location of DNA and RNA in a cell, which stain/reaction would you apply?
- (iii) see chromosomes with chromatids under the microscope, which stage of cell division would you focus?
- (b) Define and give an example of

- (i) derived lipid
- (ii) collagen
- (iii) enzyme

 (i) Van der Waal's forces (ii) Introns (iii) Phragmoplast (iv) Gel-sol theory of pseudopodia formation 2. (a) What is the monomeric unit of glycogen Show the various steps by which glycogen synthesised from its monomer. (b) Describe DNA replication justifying why it said to be 'semi-conservative'. 3. (a) How is a polypeptide chain synthesized from activated amino acids through chain initiation, chain elongation and chain termination? (b) What is glycolysis and where does it occur the cell? Mention the products in the firm four steps of glycolysis. 4. (a) Name the four different types of cell 		(c)	what do you understand by the following? State in one or two sentences:	4
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	4.	(a)	Name the four different types of cell junctions and describe in detail any one of them.	6

(b) Answer the questions based on the following diagram:



- (i) Is it a bacterial, plant or animal cell? Justify your answer in one sentence.
- (ii) Name the organelles X and Y and describe in one or two sentences each, the processes that take place in them.
- 5. Write notes on any **four** of the following: $4 \times 2 \frac{1}{2} = 10$
 - (i) Nucleosomes
 - (ii) Pentose phosphate pathway
 - (iii) Transport molecule inhibitors
 - (iv) Chemotaxis
 - (v) Phagocytosis

6. (a) Describe in brief the structure of a muscle fibre and explain the mechanism of muscle contraction according to sliding hypothesis.

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(b) Give an account of the mitotic spindle in a dividing animal cell.

एल.एस.ई.-01

विज्ञान स्नातक (बी.एस सी.) सत्रांत परीक्षा जून, 2015

जीव विज्ञान एल.एस.ई.-01 : कोशिका जैविकी

समय : 2 घण्टे

अधिकतम अंक : 50

नोट: प्रश्न संख्या 1 अनिवार्य है। प्रश्न संख्या 2 से 6 में से किन्हीं चार प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए। कुल पाँच प्रश्नों का उत्तर दीजिए।

1. (क) यदि आपको यह करना हो, तो

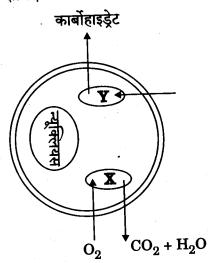
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- (i) किसी सूक्ष्मदर्शी की विभेदन क्षमता का परिकलन करने के लिए आप कौन-सा सूत्र प्रयुक्त करेंगे ?
- (ii) कोशिका में DNA और RNA की स्थिति की पहचान करने के लिए आप कौन-सा अभिरंजक/अभिक्रिया का इस्तेमाल करेंगे ?
- (iii) सूक्ष्मदर्शी द्वारा क्रोमेटिड सहित गुणसूत्रों को देखने के लिए आप कोशिका-विभाजन की कौन-सी अवस्था फोकस करेंगे ?
- (ख) परिभाषा दीजिए तथा एक-एक उदाहरण दीजिए :

- (i) व्युत्पन्न लिपिड
- (ii) कोलैजन
- (iii) एंज़ाइम

	(ग)) निम्नलिखित से आप क्या समझते हैं ? एक या दे वाक्यों में बताइए :	Í
		(i) वांडर वाल्स बल	
		(ii) इंट्रोन	
		(iii) फ्रैग्मोप्लास्ट	
		(iv) कूटपाद निर्माण का जेल-सोल सिद्धांत	
2.	(क)	र प्राप्त कराया देवाचा वचा हाता है ? अपन	
		एकलक से ग्लाइकोजन के संश्लेषित होने की प्रक्रिया	
		के विभिन्न चरणों को दर्शाइए ।	E
	(ख)	देशार में पर परात दूर प्रणम काजिए	
		ताकि इस बात की पुष्टि हो जाए कि वह 'अर्धसंरक्षी'	
		क्यों होता है ।	5
3.	(क)	बताइए कि शृंखला-आरम्भन, शृंखला के लंबा होने और शृंखला-समापन के जरिए सक्रियित ऐमीनो अम्लों से एक पॉलिपेप्टाइड शृंखला का संश्लेषण किस प्रकार होता है।	
	(ख)		6
	()	है ? ग्लाइकोलिसिस के प्रथम चार चरणों में उत्पादों का	
		उल्लेख कीजिए।	4
4.	(क)	चार विभिन्न प्रकार की कोशिका-संधियों के नाम	
		बताइए और उनमें से किसी एक का विस्तार से वर्णन	
		कीजिए।	6

(ख) निम्नलिखित आरेख पर आधारित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए:



- बताइए कि क्या यह एक जीवाणु, पादप अथवा
 प्राणी-कोशिका है । अपने उत्तर की एक वाक्य
 में पुष्टि कीजिए ।
- (ii) X और Y अंगकों के नाम बताइए और एक या दो वाक्यों में उन प्रक्रियाओं का वर्णन कीजिए जो उनमें घटित होती हैं।

5. निम्नलिखित में से किन्हीं **चार** पर टिप्पणियाँ लिखिए : $4 \times 2 \frac{1}{2} = 10$

- (i) न्यूक्लियोसोम
- (ii) पेन्टोज़ फ़ॉस्फेट मार्ग
- (iii) वहन अणु के निरोधक
- (iv) रसोअनुचलन (रसायन-अनुचलन)
- (v) भक्षकाणुता (भक्षकाणुक्रिया)

P.T.O.

6. (क) एक पेशी-तंतु की संरचना का संक्षेप में वर्णन कीजिए, और सरकने की अवधारणा के अनुसार पेशी-संकुचन की क्रियाविधि की व्याख्या कीजिए।

6

(ख) एक विभाजनशील प्राणी-कोशिका में समसूत्री तर्कु का वर्णन कीजिए।