

**POST GRADUATE DIPLOMA IN LEGAL
PROCESS OUTSOURCING (PGDLPO)**

Term-End Examination

00020

June, 2015

MLEI-004 : VIRTUAL INTELLIGENCE METHODS – I

Time : 2 hours

Maximum Marks : 50

Note : The paper is divided into two parts, Part A and Part B. Both the parts are compulsory.

PART A

Attempt all the questions from this part. Each question carries 2 marks. $10 \times 2 = 20$

1. A primary mandatory authority is
 - (a) a primary authority issued from a higher authority within the court's jurisdiction and is binding upon it.
 - (b) a primary authority issued by an authority outside the court's jurisdiction.
 - (c) the authorities that a court of law is bound to follow irrespective of jurisdiction.
 - (d) None of the above

2. Which of the following are the fundamental tools for legal research ?

- (i) Key terms
- (ii) Boolean Connectors
- (iii) Data Restrictions
- (iv) Domain Restrictions

- (a) (i), (ii) and (iii)
- (b) (i), (ii) and (iv)
- (c) (i), (ii), (iii), (iv)
- (d) (i) and (ii) only

3. The secondary legal authorities are

- (a) The literature that explains primary authorities.
- (b) By themselves legally binding.
- (c) Always form the basis for legal argument.
- (d) None of the above

4. Which of the following can be considered as a primary binding authority on the Delhi High Court ?

- (a) A judgment on the same issue given by Madras High Court.
- (b) A judgment given by the Indian Supreme Court.
- (c) A judgment on the same issue given by Delhi District Court.
- (d) Both (a) and (b)

5. Which of the following statements about the Computer Fraud and Abuse Act of 1984 is *not* true?

- (a) It is with regard to the use of material held in an electronic form.
- (b) It applies to computer networks located outside the U.S.A. when they affect a commerce between the U.S.A and another country.
- (c) This Act creates a cause of action only when you have the authorisation to use the information.
- (d) If one releases information that is privately held, then he may be liable for civil remedies under the Act.

6. Legal research involves which of the following?

- (a) Finding primary authorities
- (b) Finding secondary authorities
- (c) Both (a) and (b)
- (d) None of the above

7. _____ are used to specify a logical relation between key terms when you are searching for results on more than one topic.

- (a) Wild cards
- (b) Boolean connectors
- (c) Parallel citations
- (d) Taggings

8. Which of the following is/are legal search engine(s) ?

- (i) WestDoc
- (ii) VersusLaw
- (iii) WestLaw
- (iv) LOIS

- (a) (i) and (ii)
- (b) (i) and (iii)
- (c) (i) and (iv)
- (d) (i), (ii), (iii) and (iv)

9. Identify the Data security law in the U.S.

- (a) The Right to Financial Privacy Act, 1978
- (b) The Data Protection Act, 1998
- (c) The Computer Misuse Act, 1990
- (d) Both (b) and (c)

10. If A wants to change the word govt. to government throughout the Word document, created by him, which feature of Microsoft Word should be used by him ?

- (a) Copy and paste option
- (b) Save as option
- (c) Find and replace option
- (d) Cut and paste option

PART B

Attempt any **three** of the following questions. Each question carries **10** marks. 3×10=30

11. Identify the advantages of searching on a database that allows Boolean connectors.
 12. What is meant by 'Privileged Communication' ? Discuss the relevant rules as laid under Solicitors' Practice Rules.
 13. Discuss in brief the components of research available on WestLaw.
 14. What constitutes computer misuse ? Illustrate some situations that qualify as computer misuse offences.
 15. Write short notes on the following :
 - (a) Wild card
 - (b) Parallel citations
-