## 00837

## POST GRADUATE DIPLOMA IN MATERNAL AND CHILD HEALTH

## **Term-End Examination**

June, 2015

MME-203: CHILD HEALTH

Time: 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 70

Note: All questions are compulsory.

- 1. How do you identify sick young infant? Describe supportive care to sick young infant. How will you treat serious bacterial infection? 5+5+5=15
- **2.** Write short notes on the following :

5x3=15

- (a) Management of severe Pneumonia.
- (b) Indications of positive pressure ventilation at birth and positive pressure ventilation with chest compression.
- (c) Differential diagnosis of fever lasting longer than 7 days.
- **3.** Briefly discuss the following:

5x3=15

- (a) Iron deficiency anaemia clinical and laboratory findings.
- (b) Treatment of acute bacterial meningitis.
- (c) Management of a case of anaphylaxis.

- **4.** Write short notes on the following:
- 5x3=15
- (a) Feeding recommendations for children 12 months upto 2 years.
- (b) Nocturnal enuresis.
- (c) Diagnosis of nephrotic syndrome.

## **5.** Answer the following :

5+5=10

Neeta is 15 months old. She weighs 11.5 kg and is brought with complaint of fever and diarrhoea for last 5 days. The doctor checked for general danger signs. Neeta is able to drink, has not had vomiting, has not had convulsions and is not lethargic or unconscious. She does not have cough or difficult breathing. Neeta has diarrhoea for last 5 days. There is blood in the stool. On assessment. Neeta is restless and irritable, has sunken eyes, drinking eagerly when offered fluids. Skin pinch of abdomen goes back very slowly (longer than 2 seconds). On assessment for fever, she belongs to high risk for Malaria, Neeta does not have stiff neck or bulging fontanelle. She does not have measles now or in the last 3 months. Neeta does not have ear problem. She is not low weight for age and has some pallor.

- (a) List the probable diagnosis (classification) for this care with justifications.
- (b) Draw out a management plan for this case.