POST BASIC BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (NURSING) B.Sc. (H) (PB)

Term-End Examination June, 2015

BNS-103: MATERNAL HEALTH NURSING

Time: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 70

Note: Answer all the questions. Attempt all parts of questions at one place.

- 1. (a) Define normal pregnancy. 2+3+10=15
 - (b) Discuss the emotional aspects relating to pregnancy.
 - (c) Explain what advices you will give to an antenatal mother.
- 2. (a) Define Puerperium. 2+10+3=15
 - (b) Discuss the physiological changes in Puerperium in relation to cardiovascular and endocrine functions.
 - (c) Explain the Psychological adaptation which tabes place during puerperium.
- 3. (a) List down the nursing diagnosis for a mother in abnormal labour. 5+10=15
 - (b) Write down the nursing intervention for any three of the nursing diagnosis mentioned above.

4.	Write	e short notes on any three of the following:
	(a)	APGAR score. 3x5=15
	(b)	Causes of Neonatal Asphyxia.
	(c)	Thermoregulation of low birth weight babies.
	(d)	Use of portograph in labour.
	(e)	Episiotomy.
5.	Fill in the blanks : 1x5=5	
	(a)	Incision made into the thinned out perineal body to enlarge the vaginal orifice during delivery is called
	(b)	As per W.H.O. anaemia in pregnancy is present when haemoglobin concentration in blood is
	(c)	The true milk is secreted between and day of postpartum period.
	(d)	Drugs that inhibit uterine contractions are called agents.
6.	Write T if the statement is True and F if the	
		ment is False. 1x5=5
	(a)	Anti - D gamma globulin should be given to Rh - mother with Rh + baby after delivery.
	(b)	Cesarean delivery should be the first option for the management of abnormal labour.
	(c)	Synonymous name for the normal labour is Eutocia.
	(d)	Post-natal mother with HIV injection is allowed to breast feed her baby in developing countries.
	(e)	Pregnancy induced hypertension has its onset at 12 weeks.