# B.Sc. IN ANAESTHESIA AND CRITICAL CARE TECHNOLOGY (BACT)

# Term-End Examination June, 2015

## **BAHI-077: REGIONAL ANAESTHESIA**

Note: (i) Attempt all the questions from Part - A

(ii) Attempt any five questions from Part - B

### PART - A

- 1. Choose the most appropriate answer: 1x10=10
  - (a) The following are central neuraxial block except.
    - (i) Subarachnoid block
      - (ii) Brachial block
      - (iii) Saddle block
  - (b) Ideal level of block for a caesarian section is:
    - (i) T<sub>12</sub>
    - (ii) T<sub>10</sub>
    - (iii)  $T_6$
  - (c) Adrenaline is added to the local anaesthetic to:
    - (i) increase the duration of action
    - (ii) prevent hypotension
    - (iii) prevent cardiac arrest

(d)	The name of the epidural needle is :		
	(i)	Whitacre needle	
	(ii)	Quincke's needle	
	(iii)	Touhy's needle	
(e)	Bupivacaine used for spinal anaesthesia contains :		
	(i)	Dextrose	
	(ii)	Sodium chloride	
	(iii)	Sodium bicarbonate	
(f)	Drug used to treat bradycardia following spinal anaesthesia is :		
	(i)	atropine	
	(ii)	ephedrine	
	(iii)	mephentermine	
(g)	The concentration of Adrenaline used in xylocaine 2% (vial) is :		
	(i)	1:2,00,000	
	(ii)	1:1,000	
	(iii)	1:10,000	
(h)	The most prominent spine of the vertebra is:		
	(i)	$C_2$	
	(ii)	C <sub>7</sub>	
	(iii)	T <sub>10</sub>	

- (i) Epidural space is between:
  - (i) Duramater and arachnoid membrane
  - (ii) Duramater and ligamentum flavum
  - (iii) Piamater and arachnoid membrane

		(i) hignocaine
		(ii) Bupivacaine
		(iii) Ropivacaine
2.	Fill i	n the blanks: $1x10=10$
	(a)	In adults spinal cord ends atlevel.
	(b)	nerve block is very useful in fracture of ribs.
	(c)	The safe dose of Bupivacaine is mg per kg.
	(d)	EMLA cream is applied hour before the procedure.
	(e)	Sacral hiatus is covered by the membrane.
	(f)	Epidural space is widest atlevel.
	(g)	PDPH is due to leak from the subarachnoid space
	(h)	Lower spinal nerve roots are called
	(i)	Bromage scale is used to assess
	(j)	2% xylocaine contains mg/ml

More cardiotoxio local anaesthetic is:

(j)

#### PART - B

Answer any five of the following: 10x5=50

- 3. Describe the anatomy of the vertebral column. Draw the cross section and label the parts.
- 4. How will you assist the anaesthesiologist to give spinal anaesthesia for a caesarian section? What are the complications?
- 5. Describe different methods to give a brachial Plexus block what are the complications.
- **6.** Write in detail the procedure of candal block in a 4 year old child
- 7. Compare central neuraxial block with general anaesthesia.
- 8. Describe with the help of a diagram epidural needle and catheter. How will you manage the complications of epidural anaethesia?
- **9.** Write short notes on :
  - (a) IVRA
  - (b) Adjuvants used (drug added) to local anaesthetics.