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**BME-014** 

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## B.Tech. MECHANICAL ENGINEERING (COMPUTER INTEGRATED MANUFACTURING)

00959

## Term-End Examination June, 2015

**BME-014: METROLOGY AND INSTRUMENTATION** 

Time: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 70

**Note:** Answer any **seven** questions. Use of scientific calculator is permitted. Assume missing data suitably, if any.

- (a) Mention the units for the following mechanical quantities:
   Force, work, energy, acceleration and power in CGS, FPS and SI systems.
  - (b) Stress is measured in units lbf/m<sup>2</sup> in the English system of units. Derive the factor to convert to units N/m<sup>2</sup> and kgf/m<sup>2</sup>.
- 2. (a) Differentiate between precision and accuracy.

- A resistor has a nominal stated value of (b) 10  $\pm$  0.1  $\Omega$ . A voltage difference occurs the resistor and across the power dissipation is to be calculated in two different ways:
  - (i)  $P = E^2/R$ (ii) P = EI

In (i) only a voltage measurement will be made, while both current and voltage will measured in (ii). Calculate uncertainty in the power for each case when the measured value of E and I are:

 $E = 100 \pm 1 \text{ V (for both cases)}$ 

 $I = 10 \pm 0.1 A$ 

3. Explain with a neat diagram the essential (a) conditions of interference and clearance fits.

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Differentiate between Hole-base system (b) and Shaft-base system.

Differentiate between standard and limit

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Classify the gauges based on different 4. (a) criteria.

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gauges.

List the essential parts of a micrometer and 5. explain its working, giving a neat sketch. 10

(b)

6.	Give the classification of comparators and differentiate between mechanical and pneumatic comparators.	10
<b>7.</b>	(a) Discuss the limitations of the use of a sine bar.	4
	(b) Describe the working of an auto-collimator.	6
8.	What are the various types of projectors?  Mention the advantages of optical projectors.	10
9.	Explain the working principle of co-ordinate measuring machine with a neat sketch.	10
10.	List the common sources of light used for interferometry and explain the essential properties of light wave for interference.	10