

B.Tech. Civil (Water Resources Engineering)
Term-End Examination

00551

June, 2015

ET-507(B) : WASTE WATER TREATMENT

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : *Attempt six questions in all. Question No. 1 is compulsory. Use of calculator is permitted.*

1. (a) The sewer which transports the sewage to the point of treatment is called $10 \times 1 = 10$
- (i) House sewer
 - (ii) Outfall sewer
 - (iii) Branch sewer
 - (iv) Main sewer
- (b) The manhole covers are made circular
- (i) for architectural reasons
 - (ii) for strengthening the cover
 - (iii) to make the entry convenient
 - (iv) None of these

- (c) The facultative bacteria survive in
- (i) the presence of oxygen
 - (ii) the absence of oxygen
 - (iii) both (i) and (ii)
 - (iv) None of these
- (d) Gases normally evolved in anaerobic decomposition of sewage are
- (i) $\text{CO}_2 + \text{NH}_3 + \text{H}_2\text{S}$
 - (ii) $\text{CO}_2 + \text{NH}_3 + \text{H}_2\text{S} + \text{CH}_4$
 - (iii) $\text{CO}_2 + \text{NH}_3 + \text{SO}_2$
 - (iv) $\text{CO}_2 + \text{NH}_3 + \text{SO}_2 + \text{CH}_4$
- (e) The detention period adopted for grit chamber is of the order of
- (i) 1 minute
 - (ii) 2 – 4 hours
 - (iii) 4 – 8 hours
 - (iv) 24 – 36 hours
- (f) A conventional activated sludge plant involves a mixing regime of
- (i) plug flow type
 - (ii) completely mixed type
 - (iii) both (i) and (ii)
 - (iv) None of these

- (g) The term 'Sludge Age' is associated with
- (i) sedimentation
 - (ii) coagulation
 - (iii) anaerobic digestion
 - (iv) activated sludge process
- (h) Sanitary landfills may cause problems during the
- (i) peak summer
 - (ii) peak winter
 - (iii) peak monsoon
 - (iv) None of these
- (i) Between BOD and COD, following is true :
- (i) $BOD > COD$
 - (ii) $BOD = COD$
 - (iii) No definite relation
 - (iv) $COD > BOD$
- (j) If 10 ml of raw sewage is diluted to 250 ml, the dilution factor is
- (i) 2.5
 - (ii) 250
 - (iii) $1/25$
 - (iv) 25

2. (a) What is Trap ? Discuss the classification of traps based on their use. 6
- (b) The BOD_5 of a wastewater is determined to be 200 mg/litre at 20°C. The k is known to be 0.23 per day (base e). What would be BOD_5 , if the tests were run at 15°C ? 6
3. (a) Discuss the working of pneumatic ejector, with the help of a neat sketch. 6
- (b) Explain the principle and operation of Grit Chamber. Why is constant velocity maintained in a grit channel ? 6
4. (a) What is meant by the term 'floatation' ? With the help of a neat sketch, describe the working of dissolved air floatation unit. 6
- (b) Design a circular settling tank unit for primary treatment of sewage at 12 million litres per day. Assume suitable value of detention period and surface loading. 6
5. (a) Differentiate between aerobic fixed film and aerobic dispersed growth system of wastewater treatment units. Also give any two examples of treatment units under each category. 6

- (b) The average daily waste flow from a factory is 50 m^3 of stearic acid ($\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{35}\text{COOH}$) of concentration 120 mg/lit . Find out the theoretical oxygen demand and 5-day BOD. (Assume $\text{BOD} = 0.7 \text{ ThOD}$ and atomic weights $\text{H} = 1$, $\text{C} = 12$ and $\text{O} = 16$). 6
6. (a) Describe the working of anaerobic sludge digesters, with the help of a schematic diagram. 6
- (b) Differentiate between anaerobic and facultative ponds. 6
7. (a) List the various criteria which are generally considered in the selection of sludge treatment/disposal and elaborate any one of these. 7
- (b) Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of re-using wastewater for irrigation purposes. 5
8. Discuss in detail the system approach to the problem of reuse of wastewater. 12

9. Write short notes on any *four* of the following : 4×3=12

- (i) Bio - Tower
 - (ii) Catch Basins
 - (iii) Sewer Rehabilitation
 - (iv) Eutrication
 - (v) Conservative Pollutants
 - (vi) Sludge Conditioning
-