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MCSE–003

**MASTER OF COMPUTER
APPLICATIONS (MCA) (REVISED)**

Term-End Examination

June, 2024

**MCSE-003 : ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE AND
KNOWLEDGE MANAGEMENT**

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 100

***Note :** Question No. 1 is compulsory. Answer any
three questions from the rest.*

1. (a) What is Turing test ? What are the objections to the Turing test ? 5
- (b) Obtain CNF for the following formula : 5
$$\sim (A \rightarrow (\sim B \wedge C)).$$
- (c) Write Well Formed Formula (WFF) for the following statements : 5
 - (i) Every person has a father.
 - (ii) There is a man and he is the father of Ram.

P. T. O.

- (d) What are agents in AI ? Briefly discuss the properties possessed by agents. 5
- (e) Write a LISP program to find the maximum of 3 numbers. 5
- (f) Briefly discuss the term 'Expert System Shell'. List the components of expert system shell. 5
- (g) What is the difference between predicate and proposition ? Write De-Morgan's law for both predicate logic and proposition logic. 5
- (h) What are Fuzzy sets ? How do Fuzzy sets differ from Crisp sets ? What is the relevance of Fuzzy logic in AI ? 5
2. (a) Explain the term 'knowledge' with respect to a knowledge base system. How does 'knowledge' differ from 'Intelligence' ? 5
- (b) Write the steps for transforming an FOPL formula into Prenex Normal Form.

Transform the following formulas into Prenex Normal Form : 10

$$(i) (\exists_x)(\sim(\exists_y)Q(x, y) \rightarrow ((\exists_z)R(z) \rightarrow S(x)))$$

$$(ii) (\forall_x)(\forall_y)(\exists_z)Q(x, y, z) \wedge ((\exists u)R(x, u) \rightarrow (\exists V)R(y, V))$$

- (c) What do you mean by non-monotonic reasoning system ? What are the constituent components of such system ? Describe the interpretation between the components of non-monotonic reasoning systems. 5

3. (a) Write short notes on the following : 8

(i) Default Reasoning System

(ii) Closed World Assumption System

- (b) Explain the standard set of parameters under the head 'PEAS' used for specifying a task environment for agents. 8

- (c) Write a LISP program to find GCD (Greatest Common Divisor) of two numbers. Write suitable comments to improve readability of your logic. 4

4. (a) Briefly discuss the CUT and FAIL mechanism used in PROLOG. Use the CUT mechanism to write a program to find the factorial of a number. 7
- (b) What is principle of resolution ? Apply the principle of resolution to prove the theorem 'some who are intelligent cannot read'. The given knowledge to the system is as follows : 7
- (i) Who ever can read is literate.
- (ii) Dolphins are not literate.
- (iii) Some Dolphins are intelligent.
- (c) What are rule based systems ? Briefly discuss the advantages and disadvantages of rule based systems. 6
5. Explain any *four* the following with suitable example : $5 \times 4 = 20$
- (i) Operations unique to Fuzzy sets
- (ii) Skolomization
- (iii) Data types and structures in PROLOG
- (iv) Recursion in LISP
- (v) SR (Simple Reflex) agents