

M. Sc. (MATHEMATICS WITH

APPLICATIONS IN COMPUTER

SCIENCE) [M. Sc. (MACS)]

Term-End Examination

June, 2023

MMT-002 : LINEAR ALGEBRA

Time : $1\frac{1}{2}$ Hours

Maximum Marks : 25

Weightage : 70%

Note : Question No. 5 is compulsory. Answer any three questions from Q. Nos. 1 to 4. Calculators are not allowed.

1. (a) Find a QR decomposition of the matrix : 2

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

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- (b) Let the matrix of a linear operator T with respect to an ordered basis

$$B_1 = \{u_1, u_2, u_3\} \text{ of } \mathbf{R}^3 \text{ be : } 3$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Find the matrix of T with respect to the basis :

$$B_2 = \{u_1 + u_2, u_2 + u_3, u_1 + u_2 + u_3\}$$

2. (a) Check whether the system $Ax = y$ is consistent, where : 3

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } y = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- (b) Write all possible Jordan canonical forms for a 5×5 matrix whose minimal polynomial is $(x-1)(x-2)(x-3)$ and the determinant is 12. 2

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3. (a) Write a unitary matrix whose first column

$$\text{is } \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \begin{bmatrix} i \\ i \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

2

- (b) Evaluate e^A , where :

3

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

4. (a) Write the spectral decomposition of the matrix :

3

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & -3 \\ 0 & 5 & -2 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

- (b) Check whether the matrix :

2

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -3 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & 4 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$$

is nilpotent.

5. Which of the following statements are true and which are not ? Give reasons for your answers :

$2 \times 5 = 10$

- (i) If a linear operator T on a finite dimensional vector space is not one-one, then T has an eigen value zero.

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- (ii) The QR-decomposition of any non-singular matrix is unique.

- (iii) There is a unitary matrix with eigen values 2 and $\frac{1}{2}$.

- (iv) If the eigen values of $A \in M_2(\mathbb{C})$ are 3, 2, $\det(e^A) = e^5$.

- (v) If $A \in M_n(\mathbb{C})$ such that $t_r(AA^*) = 0$, then $A = 0$.

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P. T. O.