MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME (MP)

Term-End Examination

June, 2022

MMPC-005 : QUANTITATIVE ANALYSIS FOR MANAGERIAL APPLICATIONS

Time: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 100

- Note: (i) Section A has six questions, each carrying 15 marks. Attempt any four questions.
 - (ii) Section B is compulsory and carries 40 marks. Attempt both questions.
 - (iii) Use of calculator is permissible.

Section—A

 "The standard deviation is the most widely used and important measure of variation." Comment on the statement. Also, discuss the properties of a good measure of variation. 2. From the following data, compute arithmetic mean by short-cut method:

Marks	No. of Students
0—10	5
10—20	10
20—30	25
30—40	30
40—50	20
50—60	10

3. Find the coefficient of correlation between X and Y from the following data:

X	Y
1	12
2	11
3	13
4	15
5	14
6	17
7	16
8	19
9	18

- 4. "Time series analysis is one of the most powerful methods in use, especially for short-term forecasting purposes." Comment on the statement. Also, explain the decomposition method.
- 5. What are the various key issues in decision theory? Explain the decision tree approach.
- 6. Write short notes on any *three* of the following:
 - (a) Coefficient of variation
 - (b) Bayes' theorem
 - (c) Probability sampling method
 - (d) Correlation coefficient
 - (e) Chi-square distribution

Section—B

- 7. A company that manufactures batteries guarantees them a life of 24 months.
 - (i) If the average life has been found in tests to be 33 months and a S. D. of 4 months, how many will have to be replaced under guarantee if a normal distribution is assumed for battery lifetimes?

- (ii) If annual sales are 10,000 batteries at a profit of ₹ 50 each and each replacement costs the company ₹ 100, find the net profit.
- 8. What do you understand by the term "Hypothesis"? Explain null and alternate hypothesis along with the help of examples.