

**POST GRADUATE DIPLOMA IN CRIMINAL
JUSTICE (PGDCJ)**

Term-End Examination

June, 2022

MLE-013 : CRIMINAL JUSTICE PROCESSES

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 100

Note : *This question paper has been divided into **three** parts – Part A, Part B and Part C. From Part A attempt any **four** questions, from Part B attempt any **five** questions and from Part C attempt any **two** questions. **All** parts are **compulsory**.*

PART A

*Write short notes on any **four** of the following in about 150 words each. Each short note carries 5 marks. 4×5=20*

1. Procedure of bail in a bailable offence
2. Evidentiary value of statement of a witness recorded under Section 161 of Cr.P.C.
3. Scope of correctional homes for women prisoners
4. Rule of immunity against self-incrimination
5. Law relating to acquittal of an accused person of unsound mind

PART B

*Answer any **five** of the following questions in about 300 words each. Each question carries 10 marks. 5×10=50*

- 6.** Discuss the law relating to release on admonition.
- 7.** Discuss the law relating to anticipatory bail in India.
- 8.** What are the powers of the police to compel attendance of an accused person ? Explain.
- 9.** What is a post-Conviction Order ? Discuss its significance.
- 10.** What are the points to be taken into account while framing of the charges ? Explain.
- 11.** How can an offender be released on probation ? Discuss.
- 12.** What do you understand by female criminality ? Explain.

PART C

*Answer any **two** of the following questions in about 500 words each. Each question carries 15 marks. 2×15=30*

13. Define Prosecution. Discuss about the development of prosecution system in India vis-à-vis its position in other countries.
 14. Define Prison System. Discuss about the development of prison reforms in India prior to independence and after independence.
 15. What is Compensatory Jurisprudence ? Discuss with the support of legislative provisions regarding compensation in India.
 16. How can bail be granted in non-bailable offences ? Discuss the grounds for cancellation of bail.
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