DIPLOMA IN CRITICAL CARE IN NURSING (DCCN)

Term-End Examination June, 2022

BNS-032 : NURSING MANAGEMENT IN CRITICAL CARE CONDITIONS

Time: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 70

Note:

- (i) Attempt **all** questions.
- (ii) Attempt all parts of a question at one place.
- (iii) Answer the questions as per the following details:

 2 marks questions: 40 50 words; 3 marks
 questions: 60 80 words; 4 marks questions:

 80 100 words; 5 marks questions: 150 200
 words; 8 marks questions: 250 300 words;
 10 marks questions: 350 450 words.
- 1. (a) Define Fulminant Hepatic Failure (FHF).
 - (b) List the etiological factors in FHF.
 - (c) Explain pathophysiology of FHF.
 - (d) Discuss the conservative and nursing management in FHF. 2+2+3+8=15
- **2.** (a) Define Pulmonary Embolism.
 - (b) List its risk factors and diagnostic tests.
 - (c) Describe medical management and role of a nurse in caring of a patient having Pulmonary Embolism. 2+3+3+7=15

- **3.** (a) Define Status Epilepticus.
 - (b) List causes of Status Epilepticus.
 - (c) Explain medical and nursing management in Status Epilepticus. 2+3+4+6=15
- **4.** (a) Define Disseminated Intravascular Coagulation (DIC).
 - (b) List predisposing factors in DIC.
 - (c) List the lab investigations needed in DIC.
 - (d) Discuss medical and nursing management in DIC. 2+3+2+3+5=15
- **5.** Write short notes on any **two** of the following: $2\times 5=10$
 - (a) Nursing Management of patient undergoing Renal Transplantation
 - (b) Differentiate between Diabetic Ketoacidosis and Hyperosmolar Hyperglycemic Non-Ketotic Syndrome (HHNS)
 - (c) Nursing management of patient with Thyroid Crisis
 - (d) Nursing management of patient with Acute Coronary Syndrome
 - (e) Management of patients with Increased Intracranial Pressure (ICP)