Time: 2 hours

Maximum Marks: 50

## CERTIFICATE IN FASHION DESIGN (CFDE)

## Term-End Examination June, 2021

## BFDI-072 : BASICS OF PATTERN MAKING AND SEWING

**Note:** Part A – Attempt **six** questions only.

Part B - Attempt **two** questions only.

	PART A		
1.	. Define Pattern Making with an ex	ample.	E
2.	• Enumerate the features of Flat pa	ttern making.	E
3.	• What is Intellifit Booth?		E
4.	State whether the following s $True(T)$ or $False(F)$ :	tatements are	E
	(a) Bias grain represents a slandline across the weave of the c	0	
	(b) Measurements like round k hip do not increase in the san	•	

Seam allowances are the margins given (c) around the working pattern. (d) Bobbin is a small metal spool that holds and supplies the lower thread. (e) Pressing can be done in three stages. 5. List down the tools required for taking body 5 measurements. What are the general rules for stitching? 6. 5 7. Write briefly the function of pressing in garment manufacturing. 5

List down the steps involved in construction of

5

8.

garments.

## PART B

9.		cribe the historical aspect of evolution of tern making.	10
10.	Exp	lain the structure of the needle and its parts.	10
11.		the important functions of the following as of the machine:	10
	(a)	Balance wheel	
	(b)	Reverse stitch lever	
	(c)	Oil gauge	
	(d)	Presser regulator	
	(e)	Throat plate	
<b>12.</b>	Fill in the blanks:		10
	(a)	Pattern making is a bridge between and production.	
	(b)	Droping is a dimensional method of pattern making.	
	(c)	Sewing is a skill.	
	(d)	point needle is used to sew on woven fabrics, while a point needle is used to sew on knits.	
	(e)	Leather is stitched with point needle.	

( <b>f</b> )	is the upper end of the needle		
	that is held in the needle bar.		
( <b>g</b> )	If SPI is 13, the size of stitch is mm.		
(h)	helps to fill the thread evenly in the bobbin.		
(i)	is used to adjust the needle thread tension.		
(j)	is used to hold the presser foot in the raised position for some time.		