

**POST GRADUATE CERTIFICATE
IN GEOINFORMATICS (PGCGI)**

Term-End Examination

June, 2021

**MGY-002 : REMOTE SENSING AND IMAGE
INTERPRETATION**

Time : 2 hours

Maximum Marks : 50

Note : *All questions are **compulsory**. Marks for each question are indicated against it.*

1. Answer **all** parts :

- (a) Fill in the blank spaces with appropriate word(s) : $4 \times 1 = 4$
- (i) NOAA stand for _____ .
- (ii) ASTER is an abbreviation of _____ .
- (iii) RAR is an acronym of _____ .
- (iv) SPOT stands for _____ .

- (b) State whether the following statements are *True (T)* or *False (F)* : $3 \times 1 = 3$
- (i) Vegetation has a unique spectral signature that can be easily identified by the contrast in red and NIR regions.
 - (ii) A geosynchronous orbit is an orbit which has an orbital period that matches the Earth's sidereal rotation period.
 - (iii) Classification is the task of listing or counting discrete items visible on an image.
- (c) Match the items given in *Column A* with those given in *Column B* : $3 \times 1 = 3$

<i>Column A</i>	<i>Column B</i>
i. NIR	1. 1350 – 2500 nm
ii. Visible Region	2. 700 – 1350 nm
iii. Middle Infrared	3. 400 – 700 nm

2. Write short notes on any **four** of the following : $4 \times 5 = 20$
- (a) Colour Composite
 - (b) Scattering
 - (c) Image Interpretation Keys
 - (d) Types of Satellites
 - (e) ISODATA Clustering
 - (f) Methods of Contrast Stretching
 - (g) Across Track Scanners

3. Attempt any **one** part of the following : 10

(a) Define Error Matrix. Discuss its importance and interpretation.

OR

(b) What is NDVI ? List its importance and at least three limitations of NDVI.

4. Attempt any **one** part of the following : 10

(a) Describe need and purpose of ground truthing in remote sensing. Emphasise on the sampling pattern.

OR

(b) What is the spectral property of vegetation in different wavelength regions ? How do you assess vegetation health ?
