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MMT-002

**M. Sc. (MATHEMATICS WITH  
APPLICATIONS IN COMPUTER  
SCIENCE) M. Sc. (MACS)**

**Term-End Examination**

**June, 2020**

**MMT-002 : LINEAR ALGEBRA**

*Time :  $1\frac{1}{2}$  Hours*

*Maximum Marks : 25*

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*Note : Question No. 5 is compulsory. Answer any  
three questions from 1 to 4. Calculators are  
not allowed.*

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1. Find the Jordan canonical form of : 5

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 0 & 3 & 5 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Also find a matrix P so that  $P^{-1}AP$  in Jordan form.

2. (a) Find the best least squares quadratic polynomial fit to the data below : 3

$x$	$y$
-1	0
0	1
1	3
2	9

- (b) Evaluate  $\exp(A^2)$  if : 2

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

3. (a) Determine if the following matrix is positive definite or not :  $1\frac{1}{2}$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (b) Let M and D be a metro city and a district town, respectively. Each year 10% of D's population moves to M and 15% of M's population moves to D, where the infrastructure is improving. What is the

long-term effect of this migration on the populations of M and of D ? Are they likely to stabilise or not ? Give reasons for your answer.

 $3\frac{1}{2}$ 

4. (a) Obtain QR-decomposition for the matrix : 3

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (b) Let T be a linear operator on  $C^n$ ,  $n > 1$ .

Prove that the eigenvectors corresponding to distinct eigenvalues of T are linearly independent.

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5. Which of the following statements are true and which are not ? Give reasons for your answers.

Marks will only be given for valid reasons : 10

- (i) If  $\lambda$  is an eigenvalue of a linear operator T on  $R^n$ , then  $T - \lambda I$  is not one-one.

- (ii) If A and B are  $n \times n$  nilpotent matrices, then  $A + B$  is nilpotent.

(iii) Two similar matrices have the same minimal polynomial.

(iv) There is no unitary matrix one of whose

column is  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$ .

(v) If  $A$  is a normal matrix, then  $A$  is non-singular.