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BIEL-023

**B. TECH.-VIEP-ELECTRONICS AND
COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING
(BTECVI)**

Term-End Examination

June, 2019

BIEL-023 : INFORMATION THEORY AND CODING

Time : 3 Hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : Attempt any seven questions. All questions carry equal marks. Use of scientific calculator is permitted. Any missing data maybe suitably assumed.

1. (a) What is information theory ? Write down the properties of entropy. 5

- (b) A source generates four messages m_0, m_1, m_2, m_3 with probabilities $1/3, 1/6, 1/4$ and $1/4$ respectively. The successive messages emitted by the source are statistically independent. Calculate the entropy of the source. 5

2. State and explain Kraft's inequality theorem. 10
3. An information source produces a sequence of independent symbols having the following probabilities : 10

$$P_1 = \frac{1}{3}, P_2 = \frac{1}{27}, P_3 = \frac{1}{3}, P_4 = P_5 = \frac{1}{9}, P_6 = P_7 = \frac{1}{27},$$

Construct Binary code using Huffman encoding procedure and find its efficiency.

4. (a) Define mutual information. Enlist its various properties. 5
- (b) Discuss the term differential entropy for the continuous random variable. 5
5. State and prove Shannon's channel capacity theorem. What is its significance ? 10
6. Show that the mutual information $I(X; Y)$ of the channel, with the input probabilities $P(x_i)$, $i = 1, 2, 3, 4, \dots, m$ and the output probabilities $P(y_j)$, $j = 1, 2, 3, 4, \dots, n$ can be expressed as ; 10

$$I(X; Y) = \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{j=1}^n P(x_i, y_j) \log_2 \frac{P(x_i/y_j)}{P(x_i)}$$

7. How is syndrome calculated in cyclic codes ?
Explain. 10
8. (a) Write down the comparison between code tree and trellis diagram of convolutional encoder. 5
- (b) Enlist the various properties of finite field. 5
9. (a) Compare the spectral efficiency of the three digital m-ary modulation schemes—ASK, PSK and FSK for various pulse shaping. 5
- (b) Compare BPSK, QPSK and 8-PSK modulation schemes. 5
10. Write short notes on any *two* of the followings : 5 each
- (a) Bandwidth efficient modulation schemes
- (b) Viterbi decoding
- (c) Reed Solomon coding technique