# BACHELOR IN HOTEL MANAGEMENT (BIHM) 

Term-End Examination
June, 2018
BHY-036 : HOTEL ACCOUNTANCY

Time : $\mathbf{3}$ hours
Maximum Marks : 100
Note: (i) Attempt any five questions.
(ii) All questions carry equal marks.

1. "Accountancy is both a Science and an Art". 20 Comment on this statement and support your answer with example.
2. Journalise the following transactions in the books 20 of Proprietor Rachit.
Jan. 1 Rachit started business with cash ₹ 30,000
Jan. 3 Bought furniture ₹ 8,000
Jan. 5 Deposited into bank ₹ 600
Jan. 6 Purchases made ₹ 7,000
Jan. 11 Paid for stationery ₹ 200
Jan. 13 Sold goods to Mr. Y for cash ₹ 5,000
Jan. 17 Sold goods to Mr. A ₹ 10,000
Jan. 31 Paid rent to land lord by cheque ₹ 200
3. From the following information, make a Trading account, Profit and Loss account and Balance Sheet for the year ending on 31-12-2014.

| Particulars | Debit <br> Amount | Credit <br> Amount |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Opening stock | 20,000 |  |
| Sales |  | $5,00,000$ |
| Purchases | 70,000 |  |
| Purchase return |  | 10,000 |
| Sales return | 2,000 |  |
| Carriage Inwards | 1,000 |  |
| Freight | 5,000 |  |
| Wages and Salaries | 25,000 |  |
| Discount received |  | 2,000 |
| Interest received |  | 5,000 |
| Miscellaneous receipts |  | 3,000 |
| Advertisement | 20,000 |  |
| Printing and Stationery | 10,000 |  |
| Rent | 67,000 |  |
| Energy Cost | 20,000 |  |
| Plant and Machinery | $3,80,000$ |  |
| Capital |  | $2,00,000$ |
| Creditors |  | 30,000 |
| Bills payable |  | 20,000 |
| Furniture and Fixture | 50,000 |  |
| Debtors | 75,000 |  |
| Cash | 25,000 | $7,70,000$ |
|  |  | $7,70,000$ |

## Adjustments :

(a) Closing Stock $₹ 25,000$
(b) Prepaid Rent ₹ 5,000
(c) Depreciation @ 5\% on Plant and Machinery
4. How ledger accounts are balanced? Explain with 20 three examples.
5. Why trial balance is prepared ? List the errors 20 which are revealed by trial balance.
6. What is Bank Reconciliation Statement ? State20 the reasons, why some times the balance of bank column of cash book does not tally with the balance of bank pass book on a particular day.
7. State whether the following losses are Capital Losses or Revenue Losses with reasons. $\mathbf{4 \times 5} \mathbf{= 2 0}$
(a) To open a new restaurant the owner gave an initial deposit of $₹ 1,00,000$ with a promise to pay the balance ₹ $49,00,000$ within one month. But he could not pay the balance so the initial deposit was forfeited and hence loss.
(b) The Restaurant waiter and Kitchen staff sold food without bill and hence hotel lost $₹ 10,000$.
(c) Some one broke the personnel department and stole two computers and hotel lost ₹ $1,00,000$.
(d) The old car, which had a book value of ₹ $2,00,000$ but was sold for ₹ 50,000 only; and hotel lost ₹ $1,50,000$ in the bargain.
8. What is the need and role of internal audit? How it is different from statutory audit? Explain with examples.
9. Differentiate between financial accounting and 20 cost accounting with examples.
10. The total fixed cost is ₹ $10,00,000$. The food cost 20 is $40 \%$ of sale. The average selling price per guest is ₹ 500 . Find out
(a) B.E.P.
(b) Sale at a desired profit of $₹ 4,00,000$.

