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**BEGE-101** 

## BACHELOR'S DEGREE PROGRAMME

## **Term-End Examination**

June, 2018

10205

**ELECTIVE COURSE: ENGLISH** 

BEGE-101 : LANGUAGE THROUGH LITERATURE/FROM LANGUAGE TO LITERATURE

Time: 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 100

**Note:** Answer any **five** questions. Each question carries 20 marks.

1. (a) Read the following lines and answer the questions that follow:  $5\times 2=10$ 

Love is a dream

Love is a dream

It's gone as we wake up

Leaving some moments

To be cherished

Love is like a wind

It embraces us with passion

Leaving the scent of fresh flowers

tingling our mind

Love is like a water bubble
Beautiful to see from far
Even rainbows are visible
But a tender touch will break it
Leaving a refreshing sprinkle

Love resembles a shadow

We try to escape but it follow

At times it makes us hollow

It disappears with the sun

And leaves us in the Nights

To Haunt all over again

My love races along to your heart
than water racing

Is all soft and strong

Between the mountain and beach

- (i) Can you find any simile in these lines? Point out any one.
- (ii) Give an example of personification.
- (iii) Give one example of paradox in these lines.
- (iv) Give an example of repetition in these lines.
- (v) Give an example of a metaphor.

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(b)	Define any two of the following literary
	devices, giving suitable examples: $2\times5=10$
	(i) Paradox
	(ii) Synecdoche
	(iii) Hyperbole
	(iv) Idiom
	(v) Rhythm
<b>2.</b> (a)	Add suffixes to the following words:
-	(i) deaf
-	(ii) sharp
	(iii) simple
•	(iv) false
	(v) modern
<b>(b)</b>	Fill in the blanks by using the correct particle/preposition:
,	(i) The terrorists blew the bridge.
	(ii) He put the fire.
•	(iii) A car drew outside the gate.
	(iv) You must cut your expenses.
	(v) One hand of my watch has .
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(c) Use the following words in sentences as directed:

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- (i) harm (adjective)
- (ii) harvest (verb)
- (iii) present (adjective)
- (iv) press (verb)
- (v) · empty (verb)
- 3. (a) Identify and explain the idiomatic expressions in the following sentences:
  - (i) Nowadays tomatoes are cheap as dirt.
  - (ii) He is enjoying the best of both worlds.
  - (iii) When pigs fly she will tidy her room.
  - (iv) I'm really feeling under the weather today; I have a terrible cold.
  - (v) He hit the nail on the head when he said this company needs more HR support.

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	(b)	Fill in	Fill in the blanks with suitable prepositions. 10						
		(i)	What is the picture that comes to your mind when you read the caves?						
		(ii)	What are you thinking?						
		(iii)	The driver jumped the car.						
		(iv)	a month he returned.						
		(v)	I have not slept yesterday.						
		(vi)	She sat the fire and told me a tale.						
		(vii)	A little girl sat a tree.						
		(viii)	(viii) The steam engine was inventedJames Watt.						
		(ix)	I have known him a long time.						
		(x)	They live the same roof.						
4.	Wri app		hort notes (150 words each tely) on any $two$ of the following: $2 \times 10 = 20$						
	(a)	Homonym							
	(b)	Imagery							
	(c)	Euphemism							
	(d)	Abbre	viation						
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5. (a) Read the poem given below and answer the questions that follow: 5×2=10

"Come, little leaves", said the wind one day,

"Come over the meadows with me, and play;

Put on your dresses of red and gold;

For summer is gone, and the days grow cold."

Soon as the leaves heard the wind's loud call,

Down they came fluttering, one and all.

O'er the brown field then they danced and flew

Singing the soft little songs they knew.

Dancing and whirling, the little leaves went,
Winter had called them, and they were content.
Soon, fast asleep on their earthy beds,
The snow laid a soft mantle over their heads.

- (i) Who is speaking in the first stanza? What literary device is this?
- (ii) What does the third line of the first stanza tell us about the season of the year?
- (iii) What does the poet mean by "Singing the soft little songs they knew"?
- (iv) What is the mood of the poem?
- (v) Why does the poet say the leaves are 'fast asleep'?

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(b)	Fill i	n the blanks with the correct forms of	
	the w	ords given in brackets.	10
	(i)	He asleep while he was driving. (fall, fell, fallen)	
	(ii) ·	It started to rain while wetennis. (are playing, were playing, had played)	
	(iii)	My friends the Prime Minister yesterday. (see, have seen, saw)	
	(iv)	He thanked me for what I (have done, had done, have been doing)	
	(v)	He a factory in town. (have, has, is having)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
<b>6.</b> (a)	Corre	ct the following sentences :	5
	(i)	Someone will broke into the house.	
	(ii)	One of my friend came home yesterday.	
	(iii)	He have got only a slight cold.	
	(iv)	They started their journey on yesterday night.	
•	(v)	Whenever you were in Delhi please come and see me.	
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(b)	Identify	the	adverbs	in	the	sentences	given
	below:		٠				

- (i) Is the box big enough?
- (ii) He has slept only three hours.
- (iii) I am never late for school.
- (iv) He is always at home on Sundays.
- (v) We usually have breakfast at eight.
- (c) What is Rhetoric? What are its salient features? Give illustrations.

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