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BME-015

B.Tech. MECHANICAL ENGINEERING (COMPUTER INTEGRATED MANUFACTURING) COMPLET INTEGRATED MANUFACTURING) COMPLET INTEGRATED JUNE, 2018

BME-015 : ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS - II

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 70

Note: Answer any ten questions. All questions carry equal marks. Use of scientific calculator is permitted.

1. Solve

$$\frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{x}^2} + \frac{\partial^2 \mathbf{u}}{\partial \mathbf{y}^2} = 0, \quad 0 < \mathbf{x} < \pi, \ \mathbf{y} > 0,$$

subject to the boundary conditions $u(0, y) = u(\pi, y) = 0$, u(x, 0) = 1, and $u(x, y) \rightarrow 0$ as $y \rightarrow \infty$.

2. An elastic string of length 20 cm, fixed at both ends is displaced from its position of equilibrium by imparting to each of its points an initial velocity given by

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} x & 0 \le x \le 10 \\ 20 - x & 10 < x \le 20 \end{cases}$$

x being the distance from one end. Determine the displacement function at any time t.

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3. Solve:

 $(D^2 - 2DD' + 15D'^2) z = 12x\dot{y}$

4. Solve :

$$(D^2 - 4DD' + 4D'^2) z = e^{2x+y}$$

5. Find the general solution of the partial differential equation

$$(x^2 - yz) p + (y^2 - zx) q = z^2 - xy$$

6. Find the Fourier series expansion of the function

$$\mathbf{f}(\mathbf{x}) = \begin{cases} 1 + \frac{2\mathbf{x}}{\pi}, & -\pi < \mathbf{x} < 0\\ \\ 1 - \frac{2\mathbf{x}}{\pi}, & 0 \le \mathbf{x} < \pi \end{cases}$$

where $f(x + 2\pi) = f(x)$.

Also deduce that

$$\frac{1}{1^2} + \frac{1}{3^2} + \frac{1}{5^2} + \dots = \frac{\pi^2}{8} .$$
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7. Find the Fourier series for the function

$$f(x) = e^{-x}, 0 < x < 2\pi,$$

where $f(x + 2\pi) = f(x)$.

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8. Find the residue of the following functions at each pole.

$$\frac{z^2 - 2z}{(z+1)^2 (z^2 + 1)}$$

9. Test for convergence or divergence of the series

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(100+75i)^n}{n!}$$

10. Test the following series for convergence

$$\frac{x}{1.2} + \frac{x^2}{2.3} + \frac{x^3}{3.4} + \frac{x^4}{4.5} + \dots \infty (x > 0)$$

11. If
$$2\cos\theta = x + \frac{1}{x}$$
, and $2\cos\phi = y + \frac{1}{y}$,

show that one of the values of

$$\frac{\mathbf{x}^{\mathbf{m}}}{\mathbf{v}^{\mathbf{n}}} + \frac{\mathbf{y}^{\mathbf{n}}}{\mathbf{x}^{\mathbf{m}}} \quad \text{is } 2\cos\left(\mathbf{m}\theta - \mathbf{n}\phi\right).$$

12. Find the bilinear transformation which maps the points $z = 0, -1, \infty$ into the points w = -1, -2 - i, i.

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13. If $w = \phi + i \psi$ represents the complex potential for an electric field and $\psi = x^2 - y^2 + \frac{x}{x^2 + y^2}$,

determine the function ϕ .

14. Prove that

$$\int_{C} (z-a)^n dz = 0 \quad [n, any integer \neq -1]$$

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where C is the circle |z - a| = r.

15. Expand

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{(z-1)(z-2)}$$

in the region

- (a) |z| < 1, and
- (b) 1 < |z| < 2.

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