

**B.Tech. – VIEP – ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING
(BTELVI)**

Term-End Examination

June, 2018

00293

BIEE-018 : HIGH VOLTAGE ENGINEERING

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

*Note : Attempt any **seven** questions in all. Use of scientific calculator is allowed. Assume any suitable data, if missing.*

1. Explain how switching and power frequency over-voltages are controlled in power systems. 10
2. Describe the construction and principle of operation of an electrostatic voltmeter and give its applications. 10
3. List out the problems caused by corona discharges. 10
4. Design a peak reading voltmeter along with a suitable micro-ammeter, such that it will be able to read voltage up to 100 kV (peak). The capacitance potential divider available is of the ratio 1000 : 1. 10

5. Explain any **four** of the following : $4 \times 2 \frac{1}{2} = 10$
- (a) Withstand voltage
 - (b) Impulse voltage
 - (c) Creepage distance
 - (d) Partial discharge
 - (e) Intrinsic length
 - (f) BIL
6. Discuss and compare the performance of resistance capacitance and mixed R-C potential dividers for the measurement of impulse voltages. 10
7. Derive an expression for total voltage drop and total ripple voltage of n-stage voltage multiplier circuit and hence deduce the condition for optimum number of stages. 10
8. Describe a method of recording the occurrence of lightning in an overhead transmission line. 10
9. Explain thermal breakdown mechanism in solid dielectrics. Derive an expression for critical thermal breakdown voltage (V_c) and critical electric field (E_c) for the same. State clearly the assumptions made. 10
10. Detail the various methods used to measure the RMS and peak values of high AC voltages, with the help of a neat sketch. 10