

**B.Tech. MECHANICAL ENGINEERING  
(COMPUTER INTEGRATED  
MANUFACTURING) /**

**B.Tech. (AEROSPACE ENGINEERING) (BTAE)**

**Term-End Examination**

**June, 2017**

**BME-021 : PRINCIPLES OF ELECTRICAL AND  
ELECTRONICS SCIENCE**

*Time : 3 hours*

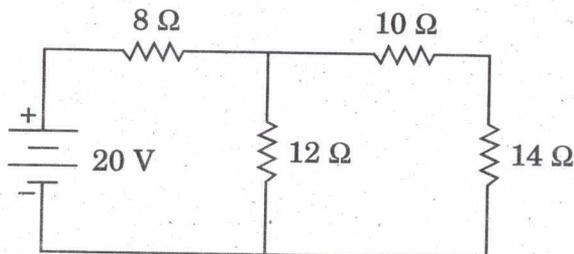
*Maximum Marks : 70*

*Note : Answer any **five** questions. Use of scientific calculator is allowed. Assume any data, if missing.*

1. (a) Discuss the behaviour of a p-n junction, both when forward biased and reverse biased, with suitable diagrams. 6
- (b) Give the comparison of full wave rectifier and half wave rectifier. 6
- (c) Write the important application of Zener diode. 2
2. (a) Draw and explain the output characteristics of a transistor in CE configuration and label all the parameters. 6
- (b) Draw and explain the R-C coupled transistor amplifier. Also give its advantages and disadvantages. 6

- (c) Explain the following : 2
- (i) Reluctance
  - (ii) Permeance
3. (a) What is magnetic hysteresis ? Explain residual magnetism and retentivity with the help of a diagram. 6
- (b) Two coils A and B of 600 and 1000 turns respectively are connected in series on the same magnetic circuit of reluctance  $2 \times 10^6$  At/Wb. Assume that there is no flux leakage. Calculate
- (i) Self inductance of each coil.
  - (ii) Mutual inductance between the two coils. What would be the mutual inductance if the coefficient of coupling is 75% ? 3+3=6
- (c) Explain what do you mean by eddy currents. 2
4. (a) A coil of resistance  $10 \Omega$ , inductance  $0.1 \text{ H}$  is connected in series with a condenser of capacitance  $150 \mu\text{F}$  across a  $200 \text{ V}$ ,  $50 \text{ Hz}$  supply. Calculate 6
- (i) Impedance
  - (ii) Power factor
  - (iii) Voltage across the coil
  - (iv) Voltage across condenser

- (b) What is power factor ? Discuss its practical importance. 2+4=6
- (c) State Faraday's law of electromagnetic induction. 2
5. (a) Explain open-circuit and short circuit test of a single phase transformer with a suitable circuit diagram. 3+3=6
- (b) Power to a induction motor in supplied by a 12-pole, 3-phase, 500 r.p.m alternator. The full load speed of the motor is 1440 r.p.m. Find the % slip and the number of poles in the motor. 3+3=6
- (c) Draw the torque slip curve of a 3-phase induction motor. 2
6. (a) State the maximum power transfer theorem. Show that for maximum power transfer  $R_L = R_{th}$ . 2+4=6
- (b) Using the Norton's theorem, determine the current in a  $12 \Omega$  resistor in the network. 6



- (c) Give symbol and truth table of NOR logic gate. 2

7. (a) Show how the amplifier is used as  
(i) integrator (ii) differentiator.  $3+3=6$
- (b) Draw a circuit diagram of analog to digital  
convertor (ADC) and digital to analog  
convertor (DAC) with brief explanation.  $3+3=6$
- (c) What is the difference between volatile and  
non-volatile memory?  $2$
-