

**B.Tech. – VIEP – ELECTRONICS AND  
COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING  
(BTECVI)**

**Term-End Examination**

**June, 2017**

00504

**BIEL-010 : DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING**

*Time : 3 hours*

*Maximum Marks : 70*

***Note :** Attempt any **seven** questions. All questions carry equal marks. Use of scientific calculator is permitted. Missing data may be suitably assumed.*

1. (a) State the relationship between DFT and Z-transform. 4
- (b) Find the DFT values of the given sequence  $x(n)$  by using basic equation 6  
 $x(n) = [1, 0, 2, 2, 1]$
2. (a) Explain linear phase FIR structures. What are the advantages of such structures? 4
- (b) Determine the frequency response of FIR filter defined by  
 $y(n) = 0.25x(n) + x(n - 1) + 0.25x(n - 2)$ .  
Calculate the phase delay and group delay. 6

3. (a) Find the IDFT of  $Y(k) = \{1, 0, 0, 1\}$  using DIF algorithm. 5
- (b) Find the output of an LTI system having  $h(n) = [1, 2, 3]$  for an input  $x(n) = [1, 0, 2, 2]$  by using circular convolution. 5
4. Discuss chirp Z-algorithm and state its use in linear filtering. 10
5. What is windowing technique for designing FIR filter? Compare different windows. 10
6. Design a high-pass filter satisfying the following specifications :
- $$-0.04 < |H(e^{j\omega})| < 0.04 \quad 0 \leq |\omega| \leq 0.2\pi$$
- $$0.995 < |H(e^{j\omega})| < 1.005 \quad 0.3\pi \leq |\omega| \leq \pi$$
- The filter will be designed using the bilinear transformation and  $T = 2$  ms. 10
7. Obtain the cascade and parallel form realization for the system
- $$y(n) = -0.1y(n-1) + 0.2y(n-2) + 3x(n) + 3.6x(n-1) + 0.6x(n-2). \quad 10$$
8. Explain the IIR filter design using the bilinear transformation scheme. State its limitations. 10

9. A system is represented by a transfer function

$$H(z) = 3 + \frac{4z}{z - \frac{1}{2}} - \frac{z}{z - \frac{1}{4}}$$

- (a) Does this  $H(z)$  represent an FIR or IIR filter? State the reason.
- (b) Realize the above  $H(z)$  using direct form-I and direct form-II realization techniques. 10

10. Design an ideal high-pass filter with a frequency response

$$H_d(e^{j\omega}) = \begin{cases} 1 & \text{for } \pi/4 \leq |\omega| \leq \pi \\ 0 & \text{for } |\omega| \leq \pi/4 \end{cases}$$

- (a) Find the values of  $h(n)$  for  $N = 11$  using the Hamming window concept.
- (b) Find  $H(z)$  and determine the magnitude response. 10