

B.Tech. Civil (Construction Management)

Term-End Examination

00565

June, 2017

ET-535(A) : ELEMENTARY HYDROLOGY

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note : *Attempt any five questions. All questions carry equal marks. Use of scientific calculator is permitted. Assume any data, if required.*

1. (a) Define hydrology. Enumerate the sciences associated with hydrology. Also draw the hydrological cycle with a neat sketch. 10
- (b) What factors are responsible for atmospheric circulation ? 4
2. Discuss in detail any two types of recording gauges with neat sketches. 14

3. (a) How will you estimate the missing precipitation data at a given rain gauge station ? Also explain double mass curve analysis as applied to rainfall data. 7

(b) Describe the various methods to find the average depth of precipitation over a catchment. 7

4. (a) A reservoir with a surface area of 250 hectares had the following average values of parameters during a given week :
Water temperature = 20°C , relative humidity = 40% and wind velocity 1.0 m above the ground = 16 km/hr.
Estimate the average daily evaporation from the lake and the total volume of water evaporated from the lake during that one week. ($e_w = 17.54$ mm of Hg) 5

(b) Explain in detail Penman's equation to estimate potential evapotranspiration. 9

5. (a) What are the experimental methods to measure infiltration ? Explain any one of them. 10

(b) Define ϕ -Index and W-Index. 4

6. For a catchment in Uttar Pradesh, the mean monthly rainfall and temperature are given as below. Calculate the annual runoff coefficient by Khosla's formula.

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Month	Temp (°C)	Rainfall (cm)
1	12	4
2	16	4
3	21	2
4	27	0
5	31	2
6	34	12
7	31	32
8	29	29
9	28	16
10	29	2
11	19	1
12	14	2

- (b) What are the direct methods of discharge measurement in a stream channel?

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7. (a) The velocity of float in a stream was observed to be 3.0 m/s. Compute the average flow velocity corresponding to this observation. Adopt a reasonable value of required coefficient and explain as to why this coefficient is needed.

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(b) What is the slope-area method of discharge measurement? Derive the expression. 7

8. Write short notes on any **four** of the following : $4 \times 3 \frac{1}{2} = 14$

- (a) Precipitation
 - (b) Potential Evapotranspiration
 - (c) Base Flow
 - (d) Infiltration
 - (e) Hydrograph
 - (f) Hyetograph
 - (g) Mass Curve
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