B.Tech. AEROSPACE ENGINEERING chario od shanor (BTAE)

Term-End Examination

June, 2017

BAS-012: AERODYNAMICS - I

Time: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 70

Note: Attempt any seven questions. All questions carry equal marks. Use of scientific calculator is permitted.

- How are drag and lift forces caused on a 1. (a) body immersed in a moving fluid? Explain.
 - Draw and explain the concept subsonic-supersonic flow through convergent-divergent (CD) nozzle. Also show the variation in properties along the length of the nozzle 5 + 5
- (a) Discuss the applications of thin airfoil 2. theory. In stor (smolegomib-owt street Al - id)
 - Explain how a flow over a circular cylinder (b) can be transformed into a flow over a flat plate using Zhukovsky transformation.

- 3. (a) The velocity vector in a fluid flow is given by $\mathbf{V} = 3\mathbf{i} + 6\mathbf{j}$. Determine the equation of the streamline passing through the origin.
 - (b) What is circulation? Derive an expression for circulation of a free-vortex of radius R. 5+5
- 4. (a) Draw the pitching moment curve for supersonic profiles. How do pitching moment and centre of pressure vary with the angle of attack for a supersonic profile?
 - (b) The velocity components in a two-dimensional flow are

$$u = \frac{y^3}{3} + 2x - x^2y$$
, and

$$v = xy^2 - 2y - \frac{x^3}{3}$$
.

Show that these components represent a possible case of an irrotational flow. 5+5

- **5.** (a) Differentiate between the following:
 - (i) Stream function and Velocity potential function
 - (ii) Laminar flow and Turbulent flow
 - (b) If, for a two-dimensional potential flow, the velocity potential is given by $\phi = x(2y-1)$ determine the velocity at the point P(4, 5). Also determine the value of stream function ψ at the point P.

5 + 5

- **6.** (a) Explain the steady state boundary layer flow over a flat surface.
 - (b) The velocity vector in a fluid flow is given by

$$\mathbf{V} = 2x^3 \,\hat{\mathbf{i}} - 5x^2 y + 4t \,\hat{\mathbf{k}} .$$

Find the velocity and acceleration of a fluid particle at (1, 2, 3) at time t = 1. 5+5

- **7.** (a) What do you mean by washin and washout for wings?
 - (b) Experiments were conducted in a wind tunnel with a wind speed of 50 km/hour on a flat plate of size 2 m long and 1·0 m wide. The density of air is 1·15 kg/m³. The plate is kept at such an angle that coefficient of lift and drag are 0·75 and 0·15 respectively. Determine

5+5

- (i) lift force,
- (ii) drag force,
- (iii) resultant force and its direction, and
- (iv) power exerted by the air on the plate.
- **8.** (a) Derive the fundamental equation for thin airfoil theory and give the assumptions that are made.
 - (b) Define angular velocity, strain rate and vorticity of a fluid element. 5+5

- **9.** Write short notes on any two of the following: $2\times 5=10$
 - (a) Finite Wing
 - (b) Kutta-Condition
 - (c) D'Alembert's Paradox
 - (d) Supercritical Airfoil