P.T.O.

ODN-001

CERTIFICATE IN PERFORMING ARTS - KATHAK/BHARATANATYAM

Term-End Examination

June, 2016

ODN-001 : INTRODUCTION TO INDIAN DANCE FORMS

Time: 2½ hours			Maximum Marks : 70			
	(ii) Sec	ction - B	consists of object consists of medit consists of essay	ım answer qı	uestions.	
•			SECTION - A			
	Fill in th	e blanks	with correct op	tions :	15x2=30	
1.	is a complex item in Bharatanatyam recital which has a blend of both nritta and nritya.					
2.	Bharatanatyam was also known by names and					
3.	The rounded movements of a Mohiniattam dancer are called					
4.	is the Sanskrit drama which has been preserved by the Chakyar Community.					
5.		is the	unit of nritta i	n Kathakali		

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Vesham is used for Satvika characters in Kathakali.
Cholom, which is played on cymbals is called
Chakkars are the speciality of dance form.
and natya are three main elements in dance.
Any two pratyangas are and
, and Shivanandam are known as the Tanjore Quartette.
Rasleela is an important part of dance form.
Ashtapadis have stanzas.
Mode of singing indigenous to Kerala is
Satvika bhaava 'Pralaya' can be shown through
Options: Koodiyattam; Varnam; Andolika; Chinnamelam and Sadir, Kalaasham; Kathak; Manipuri; Sopaana; Nritta, Nritya; Chinnaih, Ponnaih, Vadinelu; 8; Fainting; Pacha; Ooru and Jhangha; Karataala.

SECTION - B

Write brief notes on any two of the following:

2x10=20

- 1. Point out the characteristic features of Bharatanatyam repertoire.
- 2. Explain Staayi bhaava and its types.
- 3. Write briefly on the music of Bharatanatyam.

SECTION - C

Write in detail about the history of any classical dance form.