No. of Printed Pages : 3

B. Tech. – VIEP – ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING (BTELVI)

Term-End Examination

June, 2016

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BIEE-011 : ELECTRICAL MACHINES - II

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

Note: Attempt any seven questions. All questions carry equal marks.

1. Derive the EMF equation for a synchronous motor and explain the meaning of

- (a) Distribution factor
- (b) Coil span factor

2. Why is a synchronous motor not self-starting? What methods are generally used to start synchronous machines? Explain any two with suitable diagrams.

3. Explain the power flow diagram of a three-phase induction motor.

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- What are the applications of synchronous 4. (a) motors?
 - A 3-phase synchronous motor of 8000 watt, (b) 1100 V has synchronous reactance of 8 Ω per phase. Find the minimum current and the corresponding induced emf for full load conditions. The efficiency of the machine is 0.8. Neglect armature reactance.
- Draw and explain the phasor diagram of a 5. salient pole synchronous motor for the following : 10
 - Lagging power factor (a)
 - Leading power factor (b)
 - Unity power factor (c)
- Explain the procedure of drawing the circle 6. diagram of an induction motor. What information can be drawn from the circle diagram?
- Explain the two-reaction theory as applied to 7. salient pole synchronous machines and draw its phasor diagram for lagging power factor. 10
- Describe with constructional diagrams the 8. working of any *two* of the following : 10
 - Direct on-line starter (\mathbf{a})
 - Slip ring motor starter (b)
 - Auto transformer starter (c)

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- Explain the principle of operation and constructional details of slip ring and squirrel cage induction motors.
- 10. Write short notes on any *two* of the following: 2×5=10
 - (a) Universal Motor
 - (b) Permanent Magnet Type Stepper Motor
 - (c) Brushless DC Motor

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