# BACHELOR OF BUSINESS ADMINISTRATION (RETAIL SERVICES) <br> (BBARS) 

Term-End Examination
00119
June, 2016

## BRS-023 : RETAIL ECONOMICS AND SPACE PRODUCTIVITY

Time : 3 hours
Maximum Marks : 100
Note: Attempt any five questions out of eight questions. Marks are given against the questions.

1. Explain the basic premise of the Retail method of Accounting. What are the components of Retail Profit and Loss statement ? Present an example.

$$
10+10=20
$$

2. In what ways are the Balance Sheet and Income Statement different? How do retailers use these two financial statements?
$10+10=20$
3. What is the impact of taxation on Retail Economics? How can the retailer understand the tax and regulatory framework before entering into a retail business ? What types of taxes impact the retail business? Discuss. $\quad 5+10+5=20$
4. What are the margins in case of retail ? A hardware store with sales for the year of ₹ $5,72,000$ and other income of ₹ 32,000 has operating expenses of ₹ $2,34,000$. Its cost of goods sold is $₹ 3,07,000$. What is its gross margin, its operating profit, and its net profit in terms of rupees?

$$
5+15=20
$$

5. Discuss the concept of depreciation and interest. How are they accounted for at the time of preparing the Balance Sheet and Income Statement of a retail business ? Discuss the methods of depreciation that are used for equipments, building and other types of accessories. Give example to illustrate your answer.

$$
5+5+10=20
$$

6. What do you understand by space productivity? How is it measured? How does shelf planning lead to increasing the space productivity and reducing the losses? How can shelf planning be optimized using various methods? Discuss these methods in brief.
7. How can planning for growth in case of retail business be done using various enablers like quantity, average selling price and margins ? Give examples to illustrate your answer.
8. Write short notes on any four of the following : $4 \times 5=20$
(a) Setting of retail price of merchandise
(b) Retail Planogram
(c) GMROI Contribution
(d) Advertising and Promotion as cost elements
(e) Concept of average selling price
