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BIME-005

## B.Tech. MECHANICAL ENGINEERING (BTMEVI)

## Term-End Examination

## June, 2014

## **BIME-005 : MATERIAL SCIENCE**

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 70

*Note* : Attempt *any seven* questions. *All* questions carry *equal* marks. Use of scientific calculator is *permitted*.

- 1. (a) State the difference between steel and cast 5+5 iron, with respect to their compositions.
  - (b) Define the following as related to engineering materials and explain the principles of their measurement.
    - (i) Hardness (ii) Ductility
- (a) Name two alloying elements other than 5+5 carbon, commonly employed in steel and state how they influence the properties of steel.
  - (b) List any two commonly used non ferrous alloys stating their composition and application.
- 3. (a) Distinguish between the following 5+5 (any two):
  - (i) Quenching and tempering
  - (ii) Normalising and annealing
  - (iii) Cementite and martensite

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- (b) Draw a stress-strain diagram for a low carbon steel specimen indicating the proportional limit, elastic limit, yield point, the point of maximum loading and rupture.
- 4. (a) Distinguish between intrinsic and extrinsic 5+5 semiconductors.
  - (b) What are the types of defects in solids ? Explain point imperfection and line imperfection.
- (a) Draw a Bergers circuit that encloses a 5+5 positive and a negative edge dislocation each with one incomplete plane in a simple cubic crystal.
  - (b) What is a phase ? What is the difference between α-iron and ferrite ? Define an invariant reaction with an example.
- 6. (a) Define fatigue and creep. Describe a creep 5+5 testing experiment and draw a typical creep curve.
  - (b) An aluminium bar of 24 mm × 30 mm cross section is under a load of 7000 kg and a steel bar of diameter 10 mm is under a load of 5000 kg. Which part has the greater stress ?
- 7. (a) Define hardenability. Explain the effect of 5+5 grain size and chemical composition on hardenability.
  - (b) What are the austempering and martempering ? Why are these treatments given only to carbon alloys ?

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- 8. (a) What are the ceramic materials ? Give a 5 + 5classification of ceramic materials with their common characteristic features.
  - (b) Explain the term polymorphism with reference to ceramic materials. Explain the factors that affect the dimensional stability of refractory materials.
- 9. (a) What are refractory materials? Describe 5+5 the use of such materials as insulating materials.
  - (b) What do you understand by polymerization ? What is the difference between additional polymerization and condensation polymerization ?
- 10. Define the following : (any five) (a)

5 + 5

- (i) Ferromagnetism
- (ii) Paramagnetism
- (iii) Diamagnetism
- (iv) Magnetisation
- (v) Relative permeability
- (vi) Miller idices
- (vii) Cast iron
- (viii) P-N junction
- Corrosion (ix)
- With energy band gap diagrams differentiate (b) between insulators, conductors and semi-conductors.