

**B.Tech. – VIEP – ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING  
(BTELVI)**

**Term-End Examination**

**June, 2014**

00736

**BIEE-018 : HIGH VOLTAGE ENGINEERING**

*Time : 3 hours*

*Maximum Marks : 70*

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**Note :** Attempt any *seven* questions. All questions carry equal marks.

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1. Explain with diagrams, different types of rectifier circuits for producing high dc voltages. What are the special features of high voltage rectifier valve ? How is proper voltage division between the valves ensured, if a number of tubes are used in series ? 10
  
2. (a) Explain with neat diagram the principle of operation of (i) series (ii) parallel resonant circuits for generation of high ac voltages.
  
- (b) A 12-stage impulse generator has  $0.126 \mu\text{F}$  condensers. The wave front and the wave tail resistances connected are  $800 \Omega$  and  $5000 \Omega$  respectively. If the load condenser is  $1000 \text{ pF}$ , find the front and tail times of the impulse wave produced.  $2 \times 5 = 10$

3. What is capacitive voltage transformer ? Explain with phasor diagram how a tuned capacitive voltage transformer can be used for voltage measurements in power systems. State the merits and demerits of CVT measurement in HVAC. 10
4. Explain the necessity of earthing and shielding arrangements in impulse measurements and in high voltage laboratories. Give a neat sketch of the multiple shielding arrangements used for impulse voltage and current measurements. 10
5. (a) Explain the use of Hall Generators for the measurement of high direct currents.
- (b) A Rogowski coil is to be designed to measure impulse current of 10 kA having a rate of change of current of  $10^{11}$  A/s. The current is read by a VTVM as a potential drop across the integrating circuit connected to the secondary. Estimate the values of mutual inductance, resistance and capacitance to be connected, if the meter reading is to be 10 V for full scale deflection.  $2 \times 5 = 10$
6. Explain how a sphere gap can be used to measure the peak value of voltages. What are the parameters and factors that influence such measurements ? Compare the use of uniform field electrode spark gap and sphere gap for measuring peak values of voltages. 10

7. What are the tests conducted on circuit breakers and isolator switches ? Discuss any one of the tests in detail. 10
8. Explain the high voltage Schering bridge for the  $\tan \delta$  and capacitance measurement of an insulator or bushing. Why are the earthing and shielding arrangements needed in the Schering bridge measurements ? 10
9. Define Townsend's first and second ionization coefficients. How is the condition for breakdown obtained in a Townsend discharge ? Derive the criterion for breakdown in electronegative gases. Why is the breakdown strength of electronegative gases higher than other gases ? 10
10. Describe the main requirements of solid insulating materials used for power apparatus and describe the dielectric characteristics of the following materials : 10
- (i) PVC
  - (ii) Mica
  - (iii) Glass
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