Time: 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 70

## B.Tech. - VIEP - ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (BTECVI)

00277

## Term-End Examination June, 2014

## **BIELE-018: SATELLITE AND TV ENGINEERING**

Note: Attempt any seven questions. All questions carry equal marks. Use of scientific calculator is permitted. Missing data, if any, may be suitably assumed.

1. (a) Compare the method of transmission by FDMA and TDMA in satellite communication.

5

(b) Explain various frequency bands used in satellite communication.

5

2. (a) What is the reason for choosing uplink and downlink frequencies in the GHz range and why are they kept fairly apart from each other? What limits the life of a satellite when once put in the orbit?

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5

(b) Draw and explain the block diagram of a typical transponder model.

P.T.O.

3.		re the basic link equation and explain its ficance in the design of satellite links.	10	
4.	What are the differences between the methods of carrier recovery for MPSK and PLL? Explain with the help of block diagrams.			
5.	horiz modu	do you understand by vertical and ontal resolution? Show that the highest alation frequency that needs to be handled in 25 TV system is 5 MHz.	10	
6.	(a)	Justify the choice of a rectangular frame with width to height ratio equal to 4/3 for television transmission and reception.	5	
	(b)	Why is medium persistence phosphor preferred for picture tube screens? Why is an aluminized coating provided on the phosphor screen?	5	
7.	(a)	Write the differences between Orthicon, Vidicon and Plumbicon picture tubes.	5	
	(b)	Draw and explain the response characteristics of TV receiver.	5	
8.	mod	t do you understand by positive and negative ulation? Justify the choice of negative ulation for TV transmission.	10	

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9.	Draw and explain the block diagram of digital TV receiver.		
10.	Write	short notes on any <i>two</i> of the following:	10
	(i)	HDTV	
	(ii)	Satellite Packet Switching	
	(iii)	PAL	