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B.Tech. - VIEP - ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING (BTECVI)

Term-End Examination June, 2014

BIEL-014: ANALOG COMMUNICATION

Time: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 70

Note: Attempt any **seven** questions. All questions carry equal marks. Use of scientific calculator is allowed.

- 1. (a) Explain the principle of cross-correlation function with example.
 - (b) Explain central limit theorem. 5
- 2. (a) Write down the expression of auto-correlation function of energy signals and power signals with necessary explanation.
 - (b) Find the auto-correlation function of the sine wave signal expressed as below:

$$x(t) = A \sin (\omega_1 t + \phi)$$
where $\omega_1 = \frac{2\pi}{t}$

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3.	(a)	What do you mean by coherent and non-coherent detection techniques? Give an example of each technique. $4+1$
	(b)	A 400 Watts carrier is modulated to a depth of 75%. Find the total power in the amplitude modulated wave. Assume the modulating signal to be a sinusoidal one. 5
4.	(a)	Explain the square-law diode modulation method for AM generation with suitable diagrams.
	(b)	Explain ring modulation technique for DSB-SC signal with suitable diagrams. 5
5.	(a)	What are the advantages and disadvantages of DSB-SC and SSB-SC techniques over VSB-SC? Explain briefly. 5
	(b)	State the properties of Hilbert transform, briefly. 5
6.	Write follow	technical notes on any two of the $ving$: $2 \times 5 = 10$
	(a)	Frequency Translation
	(b)	Frequency Division Multiplexing
	(c)	PLL

7.	(a)	Explain the effect of modulation index variation on the spectrum of FM signal.	5
	(b)	The maximum deviation allowed in an FM broadcast system is 75 kHz. If the modulating signal is a single-tone sinusoidal of 8 kHz, determine the bandwidth of FM signal. What will be the bandwidth, when modulating signal amplitude is doubled?	5
8.	(a)	Differentiate narrow band FM and wide band FM.	5
	(b)	Explain non-linear effects in FM systems.	5
9.		rmine the noise figure for the cascaded s of amplifiers with suitable diagrams.	10
10.	(a)	Discuss the effect of noise in FM receiver.	5
	(b)	An amplifier operating over the frequency range from 18 to 20 MHz has a 10 k Ω input resistor. Calculate the rms noise voltage at the input to this amplifier, if the ambient	
		temperature is 27°C.	5