## B.Sc. (NAUTICAL SCIENCE)

## Term-End Examination

June, 2014

## BNA-012 : APPLIED SCIENCE

Time : 2 hours
Maximum Marks : 70
Note: (i) This question paper consists of two sections. Section A and Section B.
(ii) Use of non-programmable scientific calculator is allowed.
(iii) Attempt all questions.

## SECTION - A

1. Attempt all parts :
$5 \times 1=5$
(a) The angular speed of a flywheel starting from rest reaches a speed of 240 rpm in 4 s . Its angular acceleration would be $\qquad$ .
(b) A body which absorbs all the radiations of any wavelength falling on it is called as $\qquad$ .
(c) Loudness of sound is measured in $\qquad$ .
(d) A mass attached to a spring vibrates back and forth. At the equilibrium position, the
$\qquad$ reaches a maximum.
(e) When an object is placed at the focus of a concave mirror, the image will be formed at
$\qquad$ .
2. Attempt any two parts :
(a) Describe briefly the effect of pressure on melting point of solids and boiling point of liquids.
(b) State the characteristics of simple harmonic motion.
(c) An object of height 2 cm when placed at a distance of 16 cm from a concave mirror which produces a real image 3 cm high. What is the focal length of the mirror ? Find the position of the image.
3. Attempt any two parts :
$2 \times 5=10$
(a) Draw a ray diagram to find the position of image when the object is placed between f and 2 f of a convex lens.
(b) What is the effect of temperature, pressure and salinity on velocity of sound in sea-water?
(c) A cricket ball of mass 0.5 kg strikes a bat normally with a velocity of $30 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ and rebounds with a velocity of $20 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}$ in opposite direction. Calculate the impulse of the force exerted by the ball on the bat.
4. Attempt any two parts : $2 \times 5=10$
(a) Describe the change in acceleration due to gravity with height.
(b) Explain Ingen-Housz's experiment for the comparison of thermal conductivities of solids.
(c) A harmonic oscillation is represented by $Y=0.26 \cos (4000 t+\pi / 6)$ where $Y$ and $t$ are in mm and seconds respectively. Deduce
(i) amplitude
(ii) frequency
(iii) angular frequency
(iv) period
(v) initial phase

## SECTION - B

5. Attempt all parts:
$5 \times 1=5$
(a)
of an element is defined as the combining capacity of an element.
(b) The $\qquad$ configuration is a process in which the distribution of electrons is performed in several electronic sub-shells of an atom.
(c) Give one example of double covalent bond.
(d) The natural process which contributes to CO in the atmosphere are ____ and $\qquad$ .
(e) Write down the first member of alkene series.
6. Attempt any two parts : $2 \times 5=10$
(a) What is BOD ? Explain briefly the end products of the process.
(b) On analysis, an organic compound was found to contain $\mathrm{C}=54.54 \%, \mathrm{H}=9.09 \%$ and rest oxygen. If the molecular formula mass is 88 . Find molecular formula of the given compound.
(c) What is a chemical bond ? Differentiate between electrovalent and covalent compound with examples.
7. Attempt any two parts : $2 \times 5=10$
(a) What are the hazards of inorganic cargoes carried on board vessel with respect to flammability and reactivity?
(b) Explain with examples:
(i) Homogeneous reaction and Heterogeneous reaction.
(ii) Combination and Decomposition reaction.
(c) Give two properties and application of ethene.
8. Attempt any two parts :
(a) Define the term pollution. Explain briefly about land pollution.
(b) A sample of gas is found to occupy a volume of $900 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$ at $27^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Calculate the temperature at which it will occupy a volume of $300 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$.
(c) Give the IUPAC name of the following compounds :
(i) Methyl bromide
(ii) Formaldehyde
(iii) Methyl alcohol
(iv) Dimethyl ether
(v) Dimethyl ketone
