

**BACHELOR OF COMPUTER APPLICATION  
(BCA-REVISED)****Term-End Examination****June, 2014****BCS-040 : STATISTICAL TECHNIQUES***Time : 2 hours**Maximum Marks : 50*

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- Note :** (i) *Attempt both Sections i.e. Section A and Section B.*
- (ii) *Attempt any four questions from Section A.*
- (iii) *Attempt any three questions from Section B.*
- (iv) *Use of Non-scientific calculator is allowed.*
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**SECTION - A**

1. With the help of an suitable example, describe the term "Probability Distribution". How the Binomial Distribution differs from the Poissons Distribution ? 5
2. Suppose A and B are two independent events, associated with an random experiment. If the probability of occurrence of either A or B equals 0.6 ; while probability that only A occurs equals 0.4, then determine the probability of occurrence of event B. 5
3. A sample of size  $n=50$ , is drawn from the population of 200 observations. If standard deviation of the data is 22, then find the standard error ? 5

4. Construct Model ANOVA table for one-way classification. 5
5. Write short notes on (any two) : 5
- t - test for Mean
  - F - test for equality of two variances
  - Chi-square - test for independence of Attributes.

### SECTION - B

6. Using the regression line  $\hat{Y} = 90 + 50 X$ , fill up the values in the table below : 10

Sample No. ( <i>i</i> )	12	21	15	1	24
$x_i$	0.96	1.28	1.65	1.84	2.35
$y_i$	138	160	178	190	210
$\hat{y}_i$	138	-	-	-	-
$e_i$	0	-	-	-	-

After filling the table, compute the parameters R and  $R^2$ , finally interpret the correlation between X and Y.

7. What do you understand by the term forecasting ? 10  
With the help of a suitable example discuss the relation between forecasting and future planning. Briefly discuss both forecasting model.
8. Differentiate between following (any two) : 10
- Linear and circular systematic sampling
  - Z-test and t-test
  - Correlation and Regression

9. (a) Compare and contrast Random Sampling with Non-Random Sampling. Briefly discuss the methods involved in the selection of any simple random sample. 5
- (b) Calculate an estimate of Median for following data. 5

Class	0-24.9	25-49.9	50-74.9	75-99.9	100-124.9	125-149.9
Frequency	6	11	14	16	13	10

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