## MANAGEMENT PROGRAMME

## $T$ <br> I- Term-End Examination <br> MS-8 : QUANTITATIVE ANALYSIS FOR MANAGERIAL APPLICATIONS

Time : 3 hours
Maximum Marks : 100
(Weightage 70\%)
Note : (i) Section-A has six questions, each carrying 15 marks. Attempt any four questions from this section.
(ii) Section-B has two questions, each carrying $\mathbf{2 0}$ marks. Attempt both the questions from this section.
(iii) Tables may be supplied on request. Use of calculators may be permitted.

## SECTION-A


#### Abstract

1. If an amount of Rs. $10,000 /$ - is invested at a simple15 interest of $15 \%$ per annum, how much it will become at the end of 5 years? And if this amount is invested at a compound interest of $12 \%$ per annum (the interest being compounded on yearly basis), how much it will become at the end of 5 years ? Also answer that the invested amount will be more at the end of 5 years in which case.


2. In a bolt factory, machines $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}$ manufacture $25 \%, 35 \%, 40 \%$ bolts respectively. Out of these bolts, $5 \%, 4 \%, 12 \%$ defective ones came from machines $A, B, C$ respectively. Find the probability that a bolt found to be defective came from machine B.
3. Give definitions of Less than and More than ogives. After this, draw their graphs for the frequency distribution showing the marks of 56 students shown in the table below :

| Marks | Number of <br> students |
| :---: | :---: |
| $0-10$ | 4 |
| $10-20$ | 8 |
| $20-30$ | 11 |
| $30-40$ | 15 |
| $40-50$ | 12 |
| $50-60$ | 6 |

Table - Frequency distribution showing number of students in intervals of marks.
4. The results of a survey of 320 families with 5 children together with observed and expected frequencies are shown in the table below:

| Number of <br> boys and <br> girls | 5 Boys <br> and <br> 0 girl | 4 Boys <br> and <br> 1 girl | 3 boys <br> and <br> 2 girls | 2 boys <br> and <br> 3 girls | 1 boy <br> and <br> 4 girls | 0 Boy <br> and <br> 5 girls | Total |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Observed <br> frequencies | 18 | 56 | 110 | 88 | 40 | 8 | 320 |
| Expected <br> frequencies | 10 | 50 | 100 | 100 | 50 | 10 | 320 |

MS-8

Using chi-square test of goodness of fit, answer whether the hypothesis that the births of boys and girls are equally likely at a significance level of $\alpha=.05$

## 5. Name the types of Probability Sampling Methods. <br> 15 <br> Then explain the terms Simple Random and Stratified Sampling. While doing so, draw diagrams wherever required. Thereafter compare the two types of sampling methods.

6. Write short notes on any three of the following 15 topics :
(a) Total and Average revenues
(b) Standard deviation
(c) Normal distribution
(d) Null and Alternative hypothesis
(e) Opinion polls method of forecasting

## SECTION-B

7. Find the equation of the regression line of $x$ on $y \quad 20$ for the data given in the table below :

| $x$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y$ | 5 | 7 | 9 | 10 | 11 |

And from the equation of the regression line, find the value of $x$ corresponding to $y=6$.
8. For the system of non homogeneous linear 20 equations.

$$
\begin{gathered}
6 y_{2}+10 y_{3}=2 \\
y_{1}+6 y_{2}+10 y_{3}=3 \\
-3 y_{2}+y_{3}=5
\end{gathered}
$$

do the following :
(a) Prove that the above system of equations is consistent i.e, the system has at least one solution.
(b) Solve the above system of equations by any one method out of Cramer's rule, Inverse matrix method, Gauss - Jordan method.

