## POST GRADUATE DIPLOMA IN CRIMINAL JUSTICE (PGDCJ)

# Term-End Examination June, 2013

### MLE-016 : CRIMINAL JUSTICE RESEARCH AND ADVOCACY

Time: 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 100

Note: This question paper has been divided into 3 parts.

Part A, Part B and Part C. All parts are compulsory.

You have to attempt all the questions from Part A,

4 questions from Part B and any 2 questions from

Part C. Part A carries 20 marks. Part B carries

40 marks and Part C carries 40 marks.

#### PART - A

All questions are compulsory. Each question carries 2 marks. 10x2=20

Write short notes on the following:

- 1. Doctrinal Research
- 2. Pigeonholing

- 3. Disadvantages of rating scales.
- 4. Writ Petitions
- 5. Conditional Bail
- 6. Undertrails
- 7. Corraborating evidence
- 8. Universal periodic review
- 9. Periodic Reports and Shadow Reports
- 10. Mediation

#### **PART-B**

Attempt any *four* questions from this part. Each question carries 10 marks : 4x10=40

- What is Natural science based positivism?
   Discuss.
- 2. What are the qualities of a good legal researcher? Discuss.
- 3. Do you think that an accused of an offence who have been arrested should be released during the pendency of investigation and trial? Discuss.
- 4. What are the guidelines of the Supreme Court for filing a Public Interest litigation petition?
- 5. Enumerate the elements of successful advocacy.
- **6.** Explain the advantages and disadvantages of open ended questions.

#### PART-C

Attempt any two questions from this part. Each question carries 20 marks : 2x20=40

- 1. Discuss the different sources of stahites. What is the importance of case laws in a research? Explain.
- 2. Discuss the importance of an FIR. Who can lodge an FIR? Is there any remedy available to the person arrested in case of refused to lodgean FIR and also discuss its evidentiary value?
- 3. What do you mean by Human Rights? Do you think that Human rights are simply a social construct that came from western philosophy and should not appropriately apply in all contexts, cultures or countries, especially to a country like India? Discuss.
- 4. Explain the compositions, Functions and limitations of the National Commission for Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes.