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**POST GRADUATE DIPLOMA IN CRIMINAL
JUSTICE (PGDCJ)**

**Term-End Examination
June, 2013**

MLE-013 : CRIMINAL JUSTICE PROCESSES

Time : 3 hours

Maximum Marks : 100

Note : The question paper has been divided into 3 parts. Part A, Part B and Part C. From Part 'A' you have to attempt any four questions. From Part 'B' you have to attempt any four questions and from Part 'C' you have to attempt any two questions. All the parts are compulsory.

PART - A

Note : You have to attempt any four questions from this part. Each question carries 5 marks (not exceeding 200 words). 4x5=20

1. Distinguish between Complaint and FIR.
2. What is the purpose of Test Identification Parade ?
3. Discuss the legality of Appointment of special and Assistant Public Prosecutors in the Prosecutorial system of India.

4. What are the recommendations made by the law commission with respect to Anticipatory Bail ?

5. What are the objectives behind Probation ?

6. What do you understand by Alternatives to Imprisonment ?

PART - B

Note : Attempt **any four** questions from this part.

Each question carries **10** marks (not exceeding
500 words).

4x10=40

1. What is the evidentiary value of first Information Report ?
2. Discuss the guidelines issued by the Supreme Court in D.K Basu v. State of West Bengal, 1977.
3. Explain the procedure to be followed during search and seizure under section 100 of CrPc.
4. Enumerate the provisions regarding conduct of prosecution and withdrawal of prosecution by the Public Prosecutors as laid down in the Code of Criminal Procedure.
5. Enumerate the status of living conditions of women prisoners in India.
6. Discuss the provisions laid down in CrPc for compensating victim of crime.

PART - C

Note : Attempt **any two** questions from this part. Each question carries **20** marks (not exceeding **1500** words). **2x20=40**

1. Discuss the salient features of FIR. What is the procedure for lodging on FIR ?
 2. What is a dying declaration ? How it should be recorded ?
 3. Critically analyse the role of court in protecting identity of the witness and also discuss the initiatives taken by the law commission in this regard.
 4. How Compensatory Jurisprudence has developed in India ? Discuss.
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