ET-535(A)

B.Tech. Civil (Construction Management)

Term-End Examination

June, 2013

ET-535(A) : ELEMENTARY HYDROLOGY

Time : 3 hours

01434

Maximum Marks : 70

- **Note :** All question carry equal marks. Q.1 is compulsory and answer any four from the remaining questions. Use of scientific calculator is permitted.
- 1. Define the following terms (*any seven*) : 7x2=14
 - (a) Evaporations
 - (b) Evapotranspiration
 - (c) Infiltration capacity
 - (d) Hyetograph
 - (e) Hydrograph
 - (f) Rain gauge
 - (g) Baseflow
 - (h) surface Runoff.
- (a) Draw neat and labeled sketch showing 6 structure of the atmosphere.
 - (b) Explain different methods of determining 8 the average rainfall over a catchment.

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- 3. (a) What are the factors affecting evaporation 6from a large water body ? Explain in brief.
 - (b) A reservoir with a surface area of 250 ha had the average values of following parameters during one Ten-daily period in April 2011: Water temp. = 20°C, relative humidity = 40%, wind velocity at 1m above ground = 16km/hr, $e_w = 17.54$ mm. Estimate the volume of water evaporated from the lake during that 10 days.
- (a) Differentiate between potential 4 evapotranspiration and actual crop evapotranspiration.
 - (b) Define interception, depression, storage and 10 infiltration. Describe the steps of measurement of infiltration using double ring infiltrometer in the field.
- Discuss the factors affecting runoff. Draw a typical flow duration curve and discuss its characteristics and uses. 4+5+5=14
- 6. List the direct and indirect methods of discharge measurement. Describe the method of velocity-Area method using stilling-well installation with the help of a neat sketch.

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- 7. (a) What is a unit hydrograph ? Describe the 5 assumptions made in the theory of unit hydrograph.
 - (b) Derive the formula used in Muskingum 9 method for channel routing.