## B. TECH. (CIVIL ENGINEERING) BTCLEVI

## **Term-End Examination**

June, 2013

## **BICE-014: ENVIRONMENTAL ENGINEERING-I**

Time: 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 70

Note: Answer any five questions. Question No.1 is compulsory. Assume missing data if any.

- (a) List out the physical and chemical parameters of water quality.
  - (b) What are the different types of pipe joints used in water conveyance system?
  - (c) What are the various types of water distribution network?
  - (d) Differentiate between sedimentation and coagulation.
  - (e) What is defluoridation? What are it's uses?
  - (f) Differentiate between pressure filter and gravity filter.
  - (g) What is Aeration? What are the different methods of it?

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- 2. (a) Describe various methods of forecasting 7 population. Which method will be most appropriate for forecasting the population of cities like Delhi, Mumbai etc? Why?
  - (b) What is meant by variation in rate of demand? What are the effects of variation on the design of various units of water supply system?
- 3. (a) What are the different types of sub surface 7 sources of water? Explain the method of determination of yield of a well.
  - (b) What is meant by hardness? Explain any one method of removal of hardness of boiler feed water.
- 4. (a) What is an Intake? Explain with a neat 7 sketch, a river Intake.
  - (b) Explain the Hardy-cross method used for pipe-network analysis in water distribution system.
- 5. (a) What is coagulation? What are the purposes of it? With a neat sketch explain the working of clariflocculator.
  - (b) Compare in detail Slow sand Filter and 7 Rapid sand Filter.

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- 6. (a) Explain the various techniques used to 7 remove taste and odour from water.
  - (b) How will you determine the storage 7 capacity of a reservoir using mass curve method?
- 7. (a) State the necessity and requirements of a good disinfectant.
  - (b) What are the different types of chlorination 7 in water treatment? Give the importance of break point chlorination.
- 8. Write short notes on:

4x3.5=14

- (a) Water borne diseases
- (b) Leak detection in a water supply line
- (c) Dissolved solids removal
- (d) Coagulant aids