POST BASIC **BACHELOR OF SCIENCE (NURSING)**

Term-End Examination

June, 2012

BNS-105: BEHAVIOURAL SCIENCES (Sociology, General Psychology and **Educational Psychology**)

Time: 3 hours

Maximum Marks: 70

Instructions:

Behavioural Sciences course comprises of the following two parts:

PART A: Sociology

- 35 Marks

PART B: General Psychology &

- 35 Marks

Educational Psychology

Students appearing for Behavioural Sciences course examination should follow the relevant instructions given below:

The students should answer the questions of both the parts in separate answer sheets provided. On the top of each answer sheet, the student should enter the Enrolment No., Course Code, Course Title and Parts.

PART - A: Sociology

Note: Attempt all questions.

- (a) Explain the relevance of studying behavioural sciences in health care. 2+5=7
 - (b) Describe the types of social structure.
- **2.** (a) Explain the distinctive features of family.
 - (b) Discuss the stresses faced by most of the women. 5+5=10
- 3. (a) Explain why does social change occur? 5+3=8
 - (b) Discuss the role of a nurse in specific societal problem.
- 4. Write short notes an *any two* of the following: 5+5=10
 - (a) Health as a commodity.
 - (b) Socio-economic status and diseases.
 - (c) Health problems associated with urbanization.
 - (d) Uses of social development indicators.

PART - B:

General Psychology & Educational Psychology

Attempt any seven questions. Q. No. 8 is Note: compulsory. Discuss about the various factors influencing the 1. 5 development of personality. 2. Explain about the errors of perception. 5 5 3. Describe Maslow's theory of motivation. 4. Describe how can you as a nurse help your patient 5 cope up with the stress? Discuss how learning of individual differences can 5. 5 help you as a nurse? Support your answer with examples. 6. Describe the various causes of forgetting. 5 7. Discuss about the various scales used for 5 measuring attitudes. 8. Fill in the blanks: 5x1 = 5The process of thinking is called ____ (a) The translation of the raw data from the (b) senses into meaning by the brain is the process known as __ A type of thinking in which vivid variety of (c) ideas or solutions come to mind is called ____ thinking. (d) Loss of memory is called ______. Defense mechanism in which the individual (e) attributes unacceptable desires and impulses to others is called _____.